### CLINTON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT AUDIT REPORT JUNE 30, 2023

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### MONTGOMERY & COMPANY, P.L.L.C

Certified Public Accountants 710 Highway 208 Lebanon, KY 40033 270-995-2474

Joseph A. Montgomery, CPA

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November 15, 2023

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Members of the Board of Education Clinton County School District Albany, Kentucky

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

#### **Opinions**

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Clinton County School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Clinton County School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Clinton County School District, as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, *Appendix I to the Independent Auditor's Contract – Audit Extension Request, Appendix II to the Independent Auditor's Contract – Instructions for Submission of the Audit Contract, Audit Acceptance Statement, AFR and Balance Sheet, Statement of Certification, and Audit Report.* My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of my report. I am required to be independent of the Clinton County School District and to meet my ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to my audit. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinions.

#### Change in Accounting Principle

As described in Note A to the financial statements, in 2023, the District adopted new guidance, GASB Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*. My opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Clinton County School District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Financial Statement

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgement made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, I:

- Exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risk of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
  opinion on the effectiveness of Clinton County School District's internal control. Accordingly,
  no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in my judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Clinton County School District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

I am required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal-control matters that I identified during the audit.

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedules of the district's proportionate share of net pension liabilities, and the schedules of the district's proportionate share of net other postemployment benefits on pages 4 through 10, 54 through 57, and 60 through 62 be presented to

supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. I have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to my inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge I obtained during my audit of the basic financial statements. I do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide me with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Supplementary Information

My audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Clinton County School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, the statement of receipts, disbursements and fund balance - High School Activity Fund, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In my opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, I have also issued my report dated November 15, 2023, on my consideration of Clinton County School District's internal control over financial reporting and on my tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Clinton County School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Clinton County School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Sincerely,

Montgomery & Company, L.L.C.

Certified Public Accountants

## CLINTON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT – ALBANY, KENTUCKY MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

The discussion and analysis of Clinton County School District's financial performance provides an overall review of the School District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to review the School District's financial performance as a whole. Readers should also review the basic financial statements and notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is an element of the reporting model adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) in the Statement No. 34 *Basic Financial Statements-and Management's Discussion and Analysis-for State and Local Governments* issued in June 1999.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The ending cash balance for the District was \$7,469,679. This reflects an increase in cash from 2022 of \$1,057,520. This increase in cash is largely attributable to the District's revised financial positions including staffing and expenditures along with CARES and ESSER funding.
- The general fund had an increase in fund balance of \$2,228,533 for the year. All
  governmental funds combined had an increase in fund balance of \$2,097,118 for the
  year.
- The food service fund ended the school year with an increase in net position of \$197,952. This is attributable to a significant increase in federal and state food service grants.

#### **USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

**Government-wide financial statements.** The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, student transportation and operation of non-instructional services. Fixed assets and related debt is also supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 11-12 of this report.

**Fund financial statements.** A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. There is a state mandated uniform accounting system and chart of accounts for all Kentucky public school districts utilizing the MUNIS administrative software. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary funds. The proprietary funds are our food service operation. The only fiduciary funds are agency funds. All other activities of the District are included in the governmental funds.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 13 - 19 of this report.

**Notes to the financial statements.** The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 20 – 51 of this report.

#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the District, assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$10,512,671 as of June 30, 2023.

The largest portion of the District's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land and improvements, buildings and improvements, vehicles, furniture and equipment and construction in progress); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is outstanding. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to its students; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The District's financial position is the product of several financial transactions including the net results of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets, and the depreciation of capital assets.

## Net Position for the periods ending June 30, 2023 and 2022 (Table 1)

	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total Primary Government	
	2023	2022	<u>2023</u>	2022	2023	2022
Current and Other Assets Capital Assets	7,686,449 23,209,516	\$6,749,388 23,429,961	1,082,857 242,871	808,590 220,414	8,769,306 23,452,387	7,557,978 23,650,375
Total Assets	30,895,965	30,179,349	1,325,728	1,029,004	32,221,693	31,208,353
Deferred Outflows (2022 Restated)	4,584,245	3,379,164	494,105	465,436	5,078,350	3,844,600
Current Liabilities Non-Current Liabilities	1,420,384 19,767,087	2,622,450 19,142,652	2,996 1,597,499	3,065 1,519,281	1,423,380 21,364,586	2,625,515 20,661,933
Total Liabilities	21,187,471	21,765,102	1,600,495	1,522,346	22,787,966	23,287,448
Deferred Inflows (2022 Restated)	3,607,896	4,059,921	391,510	436,125	3,999,406	4,496,046
Net Position Investment in capital						
assets (net of debt)	13,602,631	12,873,776	242,871	220,414	13,845,502	13,094,190
Restricted	801,694	933,109	(555,328)	(730,823)	246,366	202,286
Unrestricted (2022 Restated)	(3,719,482)	(6,073,395)	140,285	46,378	(3,579,197)	(6,027,017)
Total Net Position	10,684,843	7,733,490	(172,172)	(464,031)	10,513,671	7,269,459

#### **Comments on Budget Comparisons**

- The District's total revenues for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, net of interfund transfers and bond proceeds, were \$26,715,590.
- General fund budgeted revenue compared to actual revenue varied from line item to line item with the ending total actual balance being \$1,495,626 more than budgeted or approximately 9.6%.
- General fund budgeted expenditures compared to actual expenditures varied from line item to line item with the ending total actual balance being \$4,879,198 less than budgeted or approximately 24.7%.

## Summary of Changes in Net Position for the periods ending June 30, 2023 and 2022 (Table 2)

	Governmental		Busine	ess-type	Total		
	Activ	vities	Acti	vities	Primary G	overnment	
REVENUES:	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	
Program revenues: Charges for Services	526,669	475.509	176,170	118,763	702,839	594,272	
Operating grants and contributions	6,044,121	6,338,672	1,729,800	1,525,757	7,773,921	7,864,429	
Capital grants and contributions	48,936	31,617	1,725,000	1,020,707	48,936	31,617	
General revenues:	.0,000	01,011			10,000	0.,0	
Property taxes	2,140,825	2,315,871	-	_	2,140,825	2,315,871	
Motor vehicle taxes	489,905	420,405	-	-	489,905	420,405	
Utility taxes	791,632	743,455	-	-	791,632	743,455	
Other taxes	130,242	124,564	-	-	130,242	124,564	
Investment earnings	51,025	32,280	4,847	3,597	55,872	35,877	
State and formal grants	14,080,880	12,927,529	-	-	14,080,880	12,927,529	
Gain (loss) on asset disposal	15,478	4,800	-	-	15,478	4,800	
Miscellaneous	538,031	571,870	(52,971)	(48,733)	485,060	523,137	
Total Revenues	24,857,744	23,986,572	1,857,846	1,599,384	26,715,590	25,585,956	
EXPENSES:							
Program Activities:							
Instruction	13,523,601	13,865,821	-	-	13,523,601	13,865,821	
Student Support	1,559,545	1,348,744	-	-	1,559,545	1,348,744	
Instructional staff support	309,106	319,721	-	-	309,106	319,721	
District administrative support	865,913	636,838	-	-	865,913	636,838	
School administrative support	1,252,581	1,165,850	-	-	1,252,581	1,165,850	
Business support	292,085	299,374	-	-	292,085	299,374	
Plant operation and maintenance	2,188,934	2,400,559	-	-	2,188,934	2,400,559	
Student transportation	1,248,070	1,352,185	-	-	1,248,070	1,352,185	
Community service activities	77,227	249,545	-	-	77,227	249,545	
Interest cost	298,976	283,509	-	-	298,976	283,509	
Other Business-type Activities:	290,353	94,450			290,353	94,450	
Daycare	-	-	31,155	33,476	31,155	33,476	
Food service			1,534,832	1,287,329	1,534,832	1,287,329	
Total Expenses	21,906,391	22,016,596	1,565,987	1,320,805	23,472,378	23,337,401	
Change in Net Position	2,951,353	1,969,976	291,859	278,579	3,243,212	2,248,555	

#### **Governmental Activities**

Instruction comprises 62% of governmental program expenditures. Support services make up 35% of government expenses. Interest costs and other account for the remaining 3%.

The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. Table 3 shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State entitlements.

## Cost of Governmental Activities (Table 3)

	Total ( of Serv		Net Cost of Services		
	2023	2022	2023	2022	
Instruction	13,523,601	13,865,821	8,344,722	8,286,450	
Support Services	7,716,234	7,523,271	6,762,262	6,705,067	
Other	367,580	343,995	(70,359)	(72,611)	
Interest Costs	298,976	283,509	250,040	251,892	
Total Expenses	21,906,391	22,016,596	15,286,665	15,170,798	

#### **Business-Type Activities**

The business-type activities are the food service and day care operations. These programs had total revenue of \$1,857,846 and expenses of \$1,565,987 for fiscal year 2023. Of the revenues, \$176,170 was charges for services, and \$1,729,800 was from State and Federal grants. Business activities receive no support from tax revenues. The School District will continue to monitor the charges and costs of this activity.

#### The School District's Funds

Information about the School District's major funds starts on page 13. These funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. All governmental funds had total revenues and other financing sources of \$26,263,782 and expenditures and other financing uses of \$24,166,664.

#### **General Fund-Budget Highlights**

The School District's budget is prepared according to Kentucky law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund. The State Department of Education requires a zero-based budget with any budgeted remaining fund balance shown as a contingency expense in the budget process. It is the District's practice to not include state on-behalf payments in the budget.

## **Capital Assets and Debt Administration Capital Assets**

At the end of fiscal year 2023 the School District had \$23,452,387 invested in land, buildings, equipment, and vehicles. Table 4 shows fiscal year 2023 and 2022 balances.

#### Capital Assets at June 30, 2023 and 2022 Net of Depreciation (Table 4)

	Governmental		Busines	ss-type	Total		
	Activ	rities	Activ	ities	Primary G	Primary Government	
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	
Land Construction	6,345,254	6,345,254	-	-	6,345,254	6,345,254	
in Progress Buildings and	199,341	381,625	-	-	199,341	381,625	
improvements	15,045,948	14,826,946	10,010	13,826	15,055,958	14,840,772	
Technology	318,486	430,300	1,295	1,786	319,781	432,086	
Vehicles	992,448	1,109,331	21,333	27,733	1,013,781	1,137,064	
General equipment	308,039	336,505	210,233	177,069	518,272	513,574	
Total	23,209,516	23,429,961	242,871	220,414	23,452,387	23,650,375	

## Changes in Capital Assets for the periods ended June 30, 2023 and 2022 (Table 5)

	Governmental Activities		Busine: Activ		Total Primary Government	
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022
Beginning Balance Additions Retirements	23,429,961 739,534 -	23,472,459 937,239	220,414 59,644 -	219,541 32,000	23,650,375 799,198 -	23,692,000 969,239 -
Depreciation	(959,979)	(979,737)	(37,207)	(31,127)	(997,186)	(1,010,864)
Ending Balance	23,209,516	23,429,961	242,871	220,414	23,452,387	23,650,375

#### Debt

At June 30, 2023, the School District had \$8,547,412 in bonds outstanding; of this amount \$731,376 is due within one year. Additionally, the School District had \$1,059,473 in capital lease obligations. Principal payments totaling \$163,228 are due within one year.

#### **District Challenges for the Future**

Clinton County School District continues to be financially sound. However, the current state and national financial climate requires the District to remain prudent. The District has been required to provide financial support for unfunded mandates imposed by the state and federal government. Also, the state administered employee pension plans continue to be underfunded. This places a large possible future liability on all Kentucky School Districts.

Clinton County Schools will continue to use careful planning and monitoring of finances to provide a quality education for students and a secure financial future for the school district.

#### **Future Budgetary Implications**

In Kentucky, the public schools' fiscal year is July 1 – June 30; other programs, i.e. some federal programs, operate on a different fiscal calendar, but are reflected in the District overall budget. By law, the budget must have a minimum 2% contingency. The District adopted a budget for 2023 – 2024 with a contingency greater than the required minimum of 2%.

#### **Contacting the School District's Financial Management**

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to show the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional information contact Courtney Norris, Chief Financial Officer, 1273 KY HWY 90 W STE 103, Albany, Kentucky, 42602, (606) 387-6480.

#### CLINTON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2023

	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	TOTAL
ASSETS:			
Cash & Cash Equivalents - Note C	6,444,490	1,025,189	7,469,679
Investments	603,008		603,008
Accounts Receivable:	154 020		154.020
Taxes - Current Taxes - Delinquent	154,039 4,502		154,039 4,502
Accounts	25,932	48,459	74,391
Intergovernmental - State	12,055	40,437	12,055
Intergovernmental - Federal	438,852		438,852
Internal Balances	3,571	(3,571)	0
Inventories for Consumption		12,780	12,780
Total Current Assets	7,686,449	1,082,857	8,769,306
Noncurrent Assets - Note F			
Land	6,345,254		6,345,254
Construction In Progress	199,341		199,341
Buildings & Improvements	26,032,034	15,330	26,047,364
Furniture & Equipment	7,422,025	842,536	8,264,561
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(16,789,138)	(614,995)	(17,404,133)
Total Noncurrent Assets	23,209,516	242,871	23,452,387
TOTAL ASSETS	30,895,965	1,325,728	32,221,693
Deferred Outflows Related to Pensions	1,467,151	290,688	1,757,839
Deferred Outflows Related to Other Post Employment Benefits	2,970,330	203,417	3,173,747
Deferred Outflows from Advanced Bond Refundings	146,764		146,764
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS	35,480,210	1,819,833	37,300,043
LIABILITIES:			
Current Liabilities:			
Accounts Payable	67,308	2,996	70,304
Accrued Salaries & Sick Leave - Note A	57,761		57,761
Advances from Grantors	305,575		305,575
Bond Obligations - Note D	728,000		728,000
Capital Lease Obligation - Note E	163,228		163,228
Accrued Interest Payable Total Current Liabilities	98,512 1,420,384	2,996	98,512
Total Current Liabilities	1,420,384	2,990	1,423,380
Noncurrent Liabilities:	7.010.412		7.010.412
Bond Obligations - Note D	7,819,412		7,819,412
Capital Lease Obligation - Note E	896,245	1 254 056	896,245
Net Pension Liability Net Other Post Employment Benefits Liability	5,795,356 5,063,850	1,254,956 342,543	7,050,312 5,406,393
Accrued Sick Leave - Note A	192,224	342,343	192,224
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	19,767,087	1,597,499	21,364,586
TOTAL LIABILITIES	21,187,471	1,600,495	22,787,966
Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions	915,403	185,903	1,101,306
Deferred Inflows Related to Other Post Employment Benefits	2,692,493	205,607	2,898,100
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS	24,795,367	1,992,005	26,787,372
NET DOCITION.			
NET POSITION: Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted for:	13,602,631	242,871	13,845,502
Capital Projects	38,740		38,740
SFCC Escrow	371,442		371,442
School Activities	391,512		391,512
Food Service		(555,328)	(555,328)
Unrestricted	(3,719,482)	140,285	(3,579,197)
TOTAL NET POSITION	10,684,843	(172,172)	10,512,671
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND NET POSITION	35,480,210	1,819,833	37,300,043

See independent auditor's report and accompanying notes to financial statements.

#### CLINTON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NET(EXPENSE) REVENUE AND CHANGES

		PROGRAM REVENUES			IN NET POSITION			
FUNCTION/PROGRAMS	EXPENSES	CHARGES FOR SERVICES	OPERATING GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS	CAPITAL GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	TOTAL	
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:								
Instructional	13,523,601	422,678	4,756,201		(8,344,722)		(8,344,722)	
Support Services:								
Student Support Services	1,559,545		399,522		(1,160,023)		(1,160,023)	
Staff Support Services	309,106		152,552		(156,554)		(156,554)	
District Administration	865,913				(865,913)		(865,913)	
School Administration	1,252,581				(1,252,581)		(1,252,581)	
Business Support Services	292,085				(292,085)		(292,085)	
Plant Operation & Maintenance	2,188,934		212,526		(1,976,408)		(1,976,408)	
Student Transportation	1,248,070	50,194	139,178		(1,058,698)		(1,058,698)	
Community Service Operations	77,227	53,797	302,887		279,457		279,457	
Day Care Operations	289,439	,	81,255		(208,184)		,	
Other Non-Instructional	914		,		(914)			
Interest on Long-Term Debt	298,976			48,936	(250,040)		(250,040)	
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	21,906,391	526,669	6,044,121	48,936	(15,286,665)		(15,286,665)	
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES:								
Day Care	31,155	120,228	4,834			93,907	93,907	
Food Service	1,534,832	55,942	1,724,966			246,076	246,076	
TOTAL BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	1,565,987	176,170	1,729,800	0	0	339,983	339,983	
TOTAL SCHOOL DISTRICT	23,472,378	702,839	7,773,921	48,936	(15,286,665)	339,983	(14,946,682)	
GENERAL REVENUES:								
Taxes:								
Property					2,140,825		2,140,825	
Motor Vehicle					489,905		489,905	
Utility					791,632		791,632	
Other					130,242		130,242	
State Aid - Formula Grants					14,080,880		14,080,880	
Investment Earnings					51,025	4,847	55,872	
Miscellaneous					485,060	,	485,060	
Funds Transfer (Expense)					52,971	(52,971)	0	
Loss Compensation					15,478	. , ,	15,478	
TOTAL GENERAL REVENUES & TRANS	FERS				18,238,018	(48,124)	18,189,894	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION					2,951,353	291,859	3,243,212	
NET POSITION - BEGINNING - RESTATE	D NOTE R				7,733,490	(464,031)	7,269,459	
NET POSITION - ENDING	-				10,684,843	(172,172)	10,512,671	
See independent auditor's report and accompan	nving notes to fir	nancial statements						

#### CLINTON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

	GENERAL FUND	SPECIAL	CONSTRUCTION FUND	OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
	FUND	REVENUE	FUND	FUNDS	FUNDS
ASSETS:					
Cash & Cash Equivalents	5,133,825	508,848	38,740	763,077	6,444,490
Investments	603,008				603,008
Accounts Receivable:					
Taxes - Current	154,039				154,039
Taxes - Delinquent	4,502				4,502
Accounts	25,932				25,932
Interfund Receivables	653,432				653,432
Intergovernmental - State		12,055			12,055
Intergovernmental - Federal		438,852			438,852
TOTAL ASSETS	6,574,738	959,755	38,740	763,077	8,336,310
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE:					
Liabilities:					
Accounts Payable	62,866	4,319		123	67,308
Interfund Payables		649,861			649,861
Accrued Salaries & Benefits	3,852	ŕ			3,852
Advances from Grantors		305,575			305,575
Total Liabilities	66,718	959,755	0	123	1,026,596
Fund Balance:					
Restricted for:					
Future Construction			38,740		38,740
SFCC Escrow			,-	371,442	371,442
School Activities				391,512	391,512
Committed for:				,	,
Accrued Sick Leave	53,909				53,909
Assigned for:	,				,
Unassigned Fund Balance	6,454,111				6,454,111
Total Fund Balance	6,508,020	0	38,740	762,954	7,309,714
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	6,574,738	959,755	38,740	763,077	8,336,310

## CLINTON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSTION JUNE 30, 2023

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE		7,309,714
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported as assets in governmental funds.		
Cost of Capital Assets Accumulated Depreciation	39,998,654 (16,789,138)	23,209,516
Accumulated Depreciation	(10,769,136)	23,209,310
Deferred Outflows on Bond Refundings are not current assets		
and therefore are not reported as assets in governmental funds.		146,764
Deferred Outflows Related to Pensions are not current assets		
and therefore are not reported as assets in governmental funds.		1,467,151
Deferred Outflows Related to Other Post Employment Benefits are not		
current assets and therefore are not reported as assets in governmental funds.		2,970,330
Long-term liabilities (including bonds payable) are not due and payable in the		
current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds.		
Long-term liabilities at year end consist of:		
Bonds Payable	(8,550,000)	
Unamortized Bond Premiums	(36,120)	
Unamortized Bond Discounts	38,708	
Capital Lease Obligation	(1,059,473)	
Accrued Interest on Bonds	(98,512)	
Net Pension Liability	(5,795,356)	
Net Other Post Employment Benefits Liability	(5,063,850)	
Accrued Sick Leave	(246,133)	(20,810,736)
Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions are not current liabilities		
and therefore are not reported as liabilities in governmental funds.		(915,403)
Deferred Inflows Related to Other Post Employment Benefits are not current		
liabilities and therefore are not reported as liabilities in governmental funds.	_	(2,692,493)
TOTAL NET POSITION - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		10,684,843

See independent auditor's report and accompanying notes to financial statements.

## CLINTON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	GENERAL	SPECIAL REVENUE	CONSTRUCTION FUND	OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
	OLIVLIKAL	REVERGE	TOND	TONDS	TONDS
REVENUES:					
Taxes:					
Property	1,862,796			278,029	2,140,825
Motor Vehicle	489,905				489,905
Utility	791,632				791,632
Other	130,242				130,242
Earnings on Investments	48,849	498		1,678	51,025
Intergovernmental - State	13,245,096	1,706,009		884,720	15,835,825
Intergovernmental - Federal	122,805	4,215,307			4,338,112
Student Activities				513,931	513,931
Other Sources	203,856			293,942	497,798
TOTAL REVENUES	16,895,181	5,921,814	0	1,972,300	24,789,295
EXPENDITURES:					
Instructional	8,075,507	4,545,027		736,984	13,357,518
Support Services:					
Student Support Services	1,170,856	381,783			1,552,639
Staff Support Services	145,276	145,779			291,055
District Administration	861,788				861,788
School Administration	1,246,007				1,246,007
Business Support Services	288,036				288,036
Plant Operation & Maintenance	1,723,777	203,090		3,255	1,930,122
Student Transportation	994,019	132,999		8,607	1,135,625
Day Care Operations		77,227			77,227
Community Service Operations		289,439			289,439
Site Improvement		420			420
Facilities Acquisition & Construction			516,117		516,117
Other Non-Instructional				914	914
Debt Service:					
Principal	51,980			893,944	945,924
Interest				267,795	267,795
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	14,557,246	5,775,764	516,117	1,911,499	22,760,626
EXCESS(DEFICIT) REVENUES OVER					
EXPENDITURES	2,337,935	146,050	(516,117)	60,801	2,028,669
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES(USES):					
Loss Compensation	15,478				15,478
Operating Transfers In - Note N	190,482	32,973	199,341	1,036,213	1,459,009
Operating Transfers Out - Note N	(315,362)	(179,023)	,	(911,653)	(1,406,038)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES	(109,402)	(146,050)	199,341	124,560	68,449
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	2,228,533	0	(316,776)	185,361	2,097,118
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING	4,279,487	0	355,516	577,593	5,212,596
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	6,508,020	0	38,740	762,954	7,309,714

# CLINTON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

NET CHANGES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS		2,097,118
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures because they use current financial resources. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital exceeds depreciation expense for the year.  Depreciation Expense Capital Outlays	(959,979) 739,534	(220,445)
Bond proceeds are reported as financing sources in governmental funds and		
thus contribute to the change in fund balance. In the statement of net		
position, however, issuing debt increases long-term liabilities and does not affect the statement of activities. Similarly, repayment of principal		
is an expenditure in the governmental funds but reduces the liability in		
the statement of net position.		
Bond Principal Paid	713,000	
Capital Lease Principal Paid	232,924	
		945,924
Generally, expenditures recognized in this fund financial statement are		ŕ
limited to only those that use current financial resources, but expenses		
are recognized in the statement of activities when they are incurred.		
Amortization-Deferred Outflows on Advanced Bond Refundings	(26,372)	
Amortization - Bond Premiums	5,706	
Amortization - Bond Discount	(2,330)	
District Pension Contributions	498,923	
Cost of Benefits Earned Net of Employee Contributions - Pension	(394,615)	
Accrued Interest Payable	(8,185)	
District Other Post Employment Benefits Contributions	309,236	
Cost of Benefits Earned Net of Employee Contributions - OPEB Accrued Sick Leave	(260,272)	
Accrued Sick Leave	6,665	128,756
		120,730
CHANGES - NET POSITION GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS		2,951,353

#### CLINTON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

#### ENTERPRISE FUNDS

	FOOD SERVICE	DAY CARE	TOTAL
ASSETS:			
Current Assets:			
Cash & Cash Equivalents	881,333	143,856	1,025,189
Accounts Receivable	48,459 12,780		48,459
Inventories for Consumption Total Current Assets	942,572	143,856	12,780 1,086,428
Noncurrent Assets:			
Buildings & Improvements	15,330		15,330
Furniture & Equipment	842,536		842,536
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(614,995)		(614,995)
Total Noncurrent Assets	242,871	0	242,871
TOTAL ASSETS	1,185,443	143,856	1,329,299
Deferred Outflows Related to Other Post Employment Benefits	203,417		203,417
Deferred Outflows Related to Pensions	290,688		290,688
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS	1,679,548	143,856	1,823,404
LIABILITIES:			
Current Liabilities:			
Interfund Balances		3,571	3,571
Account Payable	2,996	2.571	2,996
Total Current Liabilities	2,996	3,571	6,567
Noncurrent Liabilities:			
Net Other Post Employment Benefits Liability	342,543		342,543
Net Pension Liability	1,254,956		1,254,956
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	1,597,499	0	1,597,499
TOTAL LIABILITIES	1,600,495	3,571	1,604,066
Deferred Inflows Related to Other Post Employment Benefits	205,607		205,607
Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions	185,903		185,903
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS	1,992,005	3,571	1,995,576
Net Position:			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	242,871	0	242,871
Restricted	(555,328)		(555,328)
Unrestricted		140,285	140,285
Total Net Position	(312,457)	140,285	(172,172)
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION	1,679,548	143,856	1,823,404

See independent auditor's report and accompanying notes to financial statements.

## CLINTON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

#### ENTERPRISE FUNDS

	FOOD SERVICE	DAY CARE	TOTAL
OPERATING REVENUES:		<del></del>	
Lunchroom Sales	55,942		55,942
Charges for Services		120,228	120,228
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	55,942	120,228	176,170
OPERATING EXPENSES:			
Salaries & Benefits	616,484	28,428	644,912
Contract Services	12,657	25	12,682
Materials & Supplies	864,389	2,112	866,501
Depreciation - Note F	37,207		37,207
Other Operating Expenses	4,095	590	4,685
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	1,534,832	31,155	1,565,987
OPERATING INCOME(LOSS)	(1,478,890)	89,073	(1,389,817)
NONOPERATING REVENUES(EXPENSES):			
Transfer Out to General Fund	(52,971)		(52,971)
Federal Grants	1,484,102		1,484,102
State Grants	153,199	4,834	158,033
Donated Commodities	87,665		87,665
Interest Income	4,847		4,847
TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUE	1,676,842	4,834	1,681,676
INCOME(LOSS) BEFORE CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS	197,952	93,907	291,859
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS	0	0	0
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	197,952	93,907	291,859
TOTAL NET POSITION - BEGINNING	(510,409)	46,378	(464,031)
TOTAL NET POSITION - ENDING	(312,457)	140,285	(172,172)

#### CLINTON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	FOOD SERVICE FUND	DAY SERVICE CARE	TOTAL
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:			
Cash Received from: Lunchroom Sales Other Activities Cash Paid to/for:	55,942	120,228	55,942 120,228
Employees Supplies Other Activities	(467,651) (755,894) (16,752)	(23,594) (2,112) (615)	(491,245) (758,006) (17,367)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	(1,184,355)	93,907	(1,090,448)
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Transfer in (out) to/from General Fund Federal Grants State Grants	(52,971) 1,599,707 9,300		(52,971) 1,599,707 9,300
Net Cash Provided by Non-Capital and Related Financing Activities	1,556,036	-	1,556,036
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Purchase of Equipment	(59,664)	-	(59,664)
Net Cash Used by Capital and Related Financing Activities	(59,664)		(59,664)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:	-	-	-
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Receipt of Interest Income	4,847		4,847
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	4,847	-	4,847
Net Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents	316,864	93,907	410,771
Balances, Beginning of Year	564,469	49,949	614,418
Balances, End of Year	881,333	143,856	1,025,189
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Operating Income (Loss)	(1,478,890)	89,073	(1,389,817)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities Depreciation State On-Behalf Payments Donated Commodities Change in Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities and Deferred Inflows: Accounts Receivable	37,207 143,899 87,665	4,834	37,207 148,733 87,665
Deferred Outflows Deferred Inflows Net Pension Liability Net Other Post Employment Benefits Inventory Accounts Payable	(28,669) (44,615) 86,470 (8,252) 20,899 (69)		(28,669) (44,615) 86,470 (8,252) 20,899 (69)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	(1,184,355)	93,907	(1,090,448)
Schedule of Non-Cash Transactions: Donated Commodities State On-Behalf Payments	87,665 143,899	- -	87,665 143,899

#### CLINTON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

#### NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### **Reporting Entity**

The Clinton County Board of Education ("Board"), a five-member group, is the level of government which has oversight responsibilities over all activities related to public elementary and secondary school education within the jurisdiction of Clinton County Board of Education ("District"). The District receives funding from local, state, and federal government sources and must comply with the commitment requirements of these funding source entities. However, the District is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined in Section 2100, Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards. Board members are elected by the public and have decision-making authority, the power to designate management, the responsibility to develop policies which may influence operations, and primary accountability for fiscal matters.

The District, for financial purposes, includes all of the funds and account groups relevant to the operation of the Clinton County Board of Education. The financial statements presented herein do not include funds of groups and organizations, which although associated with the school system, have not originated within the Board itself such as Band Boosters, Parent-Teacher Associations, etc.

The financial statements of the District include those of separately administered organizations that are controlled by or dependent on the Board. Control or dependence is determined on the basis of budget adoption, funding, and appointment of the respective governing board.

Based on the foregoing criteria, the financial statements of the following organizations are included in the accompanying financial statements:

<u>Clinton County Board of Education Finance Corporation</u> – In a prior year, the Board of Education resolved to authorize the establishment of the Clinton County School District Finance Corporation (a non-profit, non-stock, public and charitable corporation organized under the School Bond Act and KRS 273 and KRS Section 58.180) (the "Corporation") as an agency for the District for financing the costs of school building facilities. The members of the Board also comprise the Corporation's Board of Directors.

#### **Basis of Presentation**

Government-Wide Financial Statements – The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between those activities of the District that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities.

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the District and for each function or program of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

Fund Financial Statements – Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental fund types are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The financial statements for governmental funds are a balance sheet, which generally includes only current assets and current liabilities, and a statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances, which reports on the changes in net total assets. Proprietary funds and fiduciary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the District finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

The District has the following funds:

#### I. Governmental Fund Types

- A. The General Fund is the main operating fund of the Board. It accounts for financial resources used for general types of operations. This is a budgeted fund, and any fund balances are considered as resources available for use. This is a major fund of the District.
- B. The Special Revenue (Grant) Funds account for proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trust or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to disbursements for specified purposes. It includes federal financial programs where unused balances are returned to the grantor at the close of the specified project periods as well as the state grant programs. Project accounting is employed to maintain integrity for the various sources of funds. The separate projects of federally funded grant programs are identified in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and related notes. This is a major fund of the District.
- C. Capital Project Funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and equipment (other than those financed by Proprietary Fund).
  - 1. The Support Education Excellence in Kentucky (SEEK) Capital Outlay Fund receives those funds designated by the state as Capital Outlay funds and is restricted for use in financing projects identified in the District's facility plan.

- 2. The Facility Support Program of Kentucky (FSPK) accounts for funds generated by the building tax levy required to participate in the School Facilities Construction Commission's construction funding and state matching funds, where applicable. Funds may be used for projects identified in the District's facility plan.
- 3. The Construction Fund accounts for proceeds from sales of bonds and other revenues to be used for authorized construction.
- D. Debt Service Funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal and interest and related cost; and for the payment of interest on generally obligation notes payable, as required by Kentucky law. This is a major fund of the District.

#### II. Proprietary Fund Types (Enterprise Fund)

The Food Service Fund is used to account for school food service activities, including the National School Lunch Program, which is conducted in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA). Amounts have been recorded for in-kind contribution of commodities from the USDA. The Food Service Fund is a major fund.

The District applies all GASB pronouncements to proprietary funds as well as the Financial Accounting Standards Board pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements.

#### III. Fiduciary Fund Type (Agency and Private Purpose Trust Funds)

The Private Purpose Trust funds are used to report trust arrangements under which principal and income benefit individuals, private organization, or other governments.

#### **Basis of Accounting**

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary and fiduciary funds also us the accrual basis of accounting.

Revenues – Exchange and Nonexchange Transactions – Revenues resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenues are recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within 60 days of the fiscal year-end.

Proprietary Fund operating revenues are defined as revenues received from the direct purchases of products and services (i.e. food service). Non-operating revenues are not related to direct purchases of products; for the District, these revenues are typically investment income and state and federal grant revenues.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenues from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Deferred Revenue – Deferred revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are recorded as deferred revenue.

Expenses/Expenditures – On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The fair value of donated commodities used during the year is reported in the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position as an expense with a like amount reported as donated commodities revenue. Unused donated commodities are reported as deferred revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of costs, such as depreciation, are not recognized in governmental funds.

#### **Property Taxes**

<u>Property Tax Revenues</u> – Property taxes are levied each September on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1, for all real and personal property in the county. The billings are considered due upon receipt by the taxpayer; however, the actual date is based on a period ending 30 days after the tax bill mailing. Property taxes collected are recorded as revenues in the fiscal year for which they were levied. All taxes collected are initially deposited into the General fund and then transferred to the appropriate fund.

The property tax rates assessed for the year ended June 30, 2023, to finance the General Fund operations were \$0.457 per \$100 valuation for real property, \$0.457 per \$100 valuation for business personal property, and \$0.53 per \$100 valuation for motor vehicles.

The District levies a utility gross receipts license tax in the amount of 3% of the gross receipts derived from the furnishings, within the county, of telephonic and telegraphic communications services, cablevision services, electric power, water, and natural, artificial, and mixed gases.

#### Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by the proprietary funds are reported both in the business-type activities column of the government-wide statement of net position and in the respective funds.

All reported capital assets are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives for both general capital assets and proprietary fund assets:

Description	Governmental Activities Estimated Lives
Buildings and improvements	25-50 years
Land improvements	20 years
Technology equipment	5 years
Vehicles	5-10 years
Audio-visual equipment	15 years
Food service equipment	10-12 years
Furniture and fixtures	7 years
Rolling stock	15 years
Other	10 years

#### **Interfund Balances**

On fund financial statements, receivables and payable resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns of the statements of net position, except for the net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances.

#### Accumulated Unpaid Sick Leave Benefits

Upon retirement from the school system, an employee will receive from the District an amount equal to 30% of the value of accumulated sick leave.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the termination payment method. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent that it is probable that the benefits will result in termination payments. The liability is based on the School District's past experience of making termination payments.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

For governmental fund financial statements, the current portion of unpaid accrued sick leave is the amount expected to be paid using expendable available resources. These amounts are recorded in the amount "accumulated sick leave payable" in the general fund. The noncurrent portion of the liability is reported as a reserve of fund balance.

#### **Budgetary Process**

Budgetary Basis of Accounting: The District's budgetary process accounts for certain transactions on a basis other than Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). The major differences between the budgetary basis and the GAAP basis are:

Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budgetary) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).

Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budgetary) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).

Once the budget is approved, it can be amended. Amendments are presented to the Board at their regular meetings. Such amendments are made before the fact, are reflected in the official minutes of the Board, and are not made after fiscal year-end as dictated by law.

Each budget is prepared and controlled by the budget coordinator at the revenue and expenditure function/object level. All budget appropriations lapse at year-end.

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District considers demand deposits, money market funds, and other investments with an original maturity of 90 days or less, to be cash equivalents.

#### **Inventories**

On government-wide financial statements, inventories are stated at cost and are expensed when used.

On fund financial statements inventories are stated at cost. The cost of inventory items is recorded as an expenditure in the governmental fund types when purchased.

The food service fund uses the specific identification method.

#### <u>Investments</u>

The private purpose trust funds record investments at their quoted market prices. All realized gains and losses and changes in fair value are recorded in the Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position.

#### Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements, and all payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations payable from proprietary funds are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements.

In general, payables and accrued liabilities that will be paid from governmental funds are reported on the governmental fund financial statements regardless of whether they will be liquidated with current resources. However, claims and judgments, the noncurrent portion of capital leases, accumulated sick leave, contractually required pension contributions and special termination benefits that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they will be paid with current, expendable, available financial resources. In general, payments made within sixty days after year-end are considered to have been made with current available financial resources. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are not recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements until due.

#### Fund Balance

In accordance with Government Accounting Standards Board 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, the District classifies governmental fund balances as follows:

Non-spendable – includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent either because it is not in spendable form or because of legal or contractual constraints.

Restricted – includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes which are externally imposed by providers, such as creditors or amounts constrained due to constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed – includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by the government through formal action of the highest level of decision-making authority and does not lapse at year-end. Formal School Board action must be taken during an open meeting to establish, modify, or rescind a fund balance commitment.

Assigned – includes fund balance amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes that are neither considered restricted or committed. Fund Balance may be assigned by the Superintendent.

Unassigned – includes positive fund balance within the General Fund which has not been classified within the above-mentioned categories and negative fund balances in other governmental funds.

The District committed the following fund balance type by taking the following action:

<b>Fund Balance Type</b>	<b>Amount</b>	<u>Action</u>
General Fund	\$53,909	Long-Term Sick Leave Commitment

The District uses *restricted/committed* amounts to be spent first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available unless there are legal documents/contracts that prohibit doing this, such as grant agreements requiring dollar for dollar spending. Additionally, the District would first use *committed*, then *assigned*, and lastly *unassigned* amounts for unrestricted fund balance when expenditures are made.

The District does not have a formal minimum fund balance policy.

#### **Major Special Revenue Fund**

Revenue Source

Special Revenue

State, Local and Federal Grants

#### Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the School District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

#### Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the School District, those revenues are primarily charges for meals provided by the various schools.

#### Contributions of Capital

Contributions of capital in proprietary fund financial statements arise from outside contributions of fixed assets, or from grants or outside contributions of resources restricted to capital acquisition and construction.

#### **Interfund Activity**

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after nonoperating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

#### Pensions

Teachers' Retirement System - For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (TRS) and additions to/deductions from TRS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

County Employees Retirement System - For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County Employees Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (CERS) and additions to/deductions from CERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Since certain expense items are amortized over the closed periods each year, the deferred portions of these items must be tracked annually. If the amounts serve to reduce pension expense the amounts are labeled deferred inflows. If amounts will increase pension expense the amounts are labeled deferred outflows. The amortization of these amounts is accomplished on a level dollar basis, with no interest included in the deferred amounts. Experience gains/losses and the impact of changes in actuarial assumptions, if any, are amortized over the average expected remaining service life of the active and inactive plan members at the beginning of the fiscal year. Investment gains and losses are amortized over a fixed five-year period.

#### Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions

Teachers' Retirement System – For purposes of measuring the liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (TRS) and additions to/deductions from TRS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value, except for money market investments and participating interest-earning investment contracts that have a maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less, which are reported at cost.

County Employees Retirement System - For purposes of measuring the liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County Employees Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (CERS) and

additions to/deductions from CERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value, except for money market investments and participating interest-earning investment contracts that have a maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less, which are reported at cost.

Since certain expense items are amortized over the closed periods each year, the deferred portions of these items must be tracked annually. If the amounts serve to reduce pension expense the amounts are labeled deferred inflows. If amounts will increase pension expense the amounts are labeled deferred outflows. The amortization of these amounts is accomplished on a level dollar basis, with no interest included in the deferred amounts. Experience gains/losses and the impact of changes in actuarial assumptions, if any, are amortized over the average expected remaining service life of the active and inactive plan members at the beginning of the fiscal year. Investment gains and losses are amortized over a fixed five-year period.

#### Changes in Accounting Principle

Effective July 1, 2022, the District adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements. GASB 96 enhances the relevance and consistency of information of the government's subscription-based technology arrangement activities. It establishes the capitalization criteria for implementation costs and requires a government to report a subscription asset and subscription liability and to disclose essential information about the arrangement. Adoption of the provisions of this statement did not have a material impact on the District's financial statements.

#### **NOTE B – ESTIMATES**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires the District's management to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts of assets, liabilities, fund balances, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the general-purpose financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### NOTE C – CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial Credit is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District's policy is to have all deposits secured by pledged securities.

At year-end, the carrying amount of the District's total cash and cash equivalents was \$7,469,679. Of the total cash balance, \$250,000 was covered by Federal Depository Insurance, with the remainder covered by collateral agreements and collateral held by the pledging banks' trust departments in the District's name. Cash equivalents are funds temporarily invested in securities with maturity of 90 days or less.

Cash and cash equivalents at June 30, 2023, consisted of the following:

	<b>Bank Balance</b>	<b>Book Balance</b>
First & Farmers Bank	9,344,445	7,469,679
Breakdown per financial statements:		
Governmental Funds		6,444,490
Proprietary Funds		<u>1,025,189</u>
Total Cash		7,469,679

#### NOTE D – LONG TERM OBLIGATIONS

The amount shown in the accompanying financial statements as bond obligations represents the District's future obligations to make payments relating to the bonds issued by the Clinton County School District Finance Corporation in the original amount aggregating \$12,536,000.

The original amount of each issue and interest rates are summarized below:

2013	1,505,000	1.00% - 2.00%
2014	2,070,000	1.10% - 3.20%
2016 Refunding	4,510,000	2.00% - 2.75%
2017	825,000	3.50%
2020 Energy	2,755,000	2.00% - 2.65%
2020	156,000	2.25% - 3.80%
2022	715,000	3.00%

The District, through the General Fund (including utility taxes and the SEEK Capital Outlay Fund) is obligated to make bond payments in amounts sufficient to satisfy debt service requirements on bonds issued by Clinton County School District Finance Corporation to construct school facilities. The District has an option to purchase the property under lease at any time by retiring the bonds then outstanding.

In 1995 the Board entered into "participation agreements" with the Kentucky School Facility Construction Commission. The Commission was created by the Kentucky Legislature for the purpose of assisting local school districts in meeting school construction needs. The table sets forth the amount to be paid by the Board and the Commission for each year until maturity of all bonds issued. The Kentucky School Construction Commission's participation is limited to the biennial budget period of the Commonwealth of Kentucky with the right reserved by the Kentucky School Construction Commission to terminate the commitment to pay the agreed participation every two years. The obligation of the Kentucky School Construction Commission to make the agreed payments automatically renews each two years for a period of two years unless the Kentucky School Construction Commission gives notice if its intention not to participate not less than sixty days prior to the end of its biennium.

The bonds may be called prior to maturity and redemption premiums are specified in each issue. Assuming no bonds are called prior to scheduled maturity, the maturity, the minimum obligations of the District, including amounts to be paid by the Commission at June 30, 2023, for debt service (principal and interest) are as follows:

				District's
Year	Principal	Interest	Participation	Portion
2023-24	728,000	223,265	203,420	747,845
2024-25	748,000	206,529	207,671	746,858
2025-26	757,000	188,210	198,723	746,488
2026-27	759,000	169,437	171,007	757.430
2027-28	771,000	149,487	161,182	759,304
2028-29	627,000	130,330	136,804	620,526
2029-30	652,000	111,953	140,904	623,049
2030-31	652,000	92,891	119,112	625,779
2031-32	272,000	79,585	75,220	276,365
2032-33	283,000	72,113	74,171	280,942
2033-34	293,000	64,086	73,120	283,966
2034-35	318,000	55,677	77,070	296,607
2035-36	333,000	46,528	75,871	303,657
2036-37	344,000	36,880	74,671	306,210
2037-38	354,000	26,963	73,470	307,493
2038-39	274,000	18,239	72,270	219,968
2039-40	285,000	10,715	76,071	219,644
2040-41	55,000	2,890	47,700	10,190
2041-42	45,000	1,350	46,350	0
	8,550,000	1,687,128	2,104,807	8,132,321

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2023, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance - Restated	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
<b>Primary Government</b>					
Governmental Activities:					
Revenue Bond Payable	9,263,000	0	713,000	8,550,000	728,000
Add: Bond Premium	41,825	0	5,705	36,120	5,706
Less: Bond Discount	(41,037)	0	(2,329)	(38,708)	(2,330)
Net Revenue Bond Payab	ole 9,263,788	0	716,376	8,547,412	731,376
Net Pension Liability	5,396,040	399,316	0	5,795,356	0
Capital Lease Obligations	1,292,397	0	232,924	1,059,473	163,228
Net OPEB Liability	3,932,959	1,130,891	0	5,063,850	0
Accrued Sick Leave	252,798	24,205	30,870	246,133	53,909
Total Governmental					
Activities:	20,137,982	<u>1,554,412</u>	<u>980,170</u>	20,712,224	<u>948,513</u>
Proprietary Activities:					
Net OPEB Liability	350,795	0	8,252	342,543	0
Net Pension Liability	1,168,486	86,470	0	1,254,956	0
Total Long-Term Liabilitie	s: <u>21,657,263</u>	1,640,882	<u>988,422</u>	22,309,723	<u>948 513</u>

#### NOTE E - CAPITAL LEASE PAYABLE

The District is the lessee of buses under capital leases expiring in various years through 2034. The assets and liabilities under capital leases are recorded at the present value of the minimum lease payments or the fair value of the asset. The assets are amortized over their estimated productive lives. Amortization of assets under capital leases is included in depreciation expense for fiscal year 2023.

The following is a summary of property held under capital leases:

Classes of Property	Book Value as of June 30, 2023
Buses	1,498,929
Facility	181,000
Subtotal	1,679,929
Accumulated Amortization	<u>(600,543)</u>
Total	<u>1,079,386</u>

The following is a schedule by years of the future principal payments under capital leases as of June 30, 2023:

Year Ending June 30,	Capital Lease Payable
2024	190,254
2025	179,595
2026	179,779
2027	153,702
2028	147,016
2029-2033	311,878
2034	<u>12,510</u>
Net minimum lease payments	1,174,734
Amount representing interest	(115,261)
Present value of net minimum lease payments	<u>1,059,473</u>

Interest rates on capitalized leases vary from 1.00% to 4.00%. The capital leases provide for the assets to revert to the District at the end of the respective lease with no further payment for purchase.

#### NOTE F - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, was as follows:

SALANCE   SALA		BEGINNING			ENDING
Non-Depreciable Assets:		BALANCE	ADDITIONS	RETIREMENTS	BALANCE
Construction in Progress   S8 / S2 / S1 / (698 / 401)   199,341					
Propertial Progress   381,625   516,117   (698,401   199,341   190,341   1	-				
Depreciable Assets:   Buildings & Building Improvements   25,229,968   103,665   698,401   26,032,034   12,000,199   12,					
Buildings & Building Improvements   25,229,968   103,665   698,401   26,032,034   Technology Equipment - Restated   973,268   26,931   1,000,199   Vehicles   3,259,784   53,129   3,312,913   General Equipment   3,069,221   39,692   3,108,913   TOTAL AT HISTORICAL COST   39,259,120   739,534   - 39,998,654		381,625	516,117	(698,401)	199,341
Technology Equipment - Restated   973,268   26,931   1,000,199     Vehicles   3,259,748   53,129   3,312,913     General Equipment   3,069,221   39,692   3,108,913     TOTAL AT HISTORICAL COST   39,259,120   739,534   - 39,998,654     ESS ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION FOR:   Buildings & Building Improvements   10,403,022   583,064   10,986,086     Technology Equipment   542,968   138,745   681,713     Vehicles   2,150,453   170,012   2,320,465     General Equipment   2,732,716   681,58   2,800,874     TOTAL ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION   15,829,159   59,979   - 16,789,138     GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES CAPITAL NET   23,429,61   (220,445)   - 23,209,516     FORPRIETARY ACTIVITIES   2,320,961   2,320,961     Buildings & Building Improvements   15,330   3,179   3,179     Vehicles   32,000   32,000   32,000     General Equipment   74,693   59,664   873,876     LESS ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION FOR:   Buildings & Building Improvements   1,504   3,816   8,738     LESS ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION FOR:   Buildings & Building Improvements   1,504   3,816   8,738     LESS ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION FOR:   Buildings & Building Improvements   1,504   3,816   5,320     Technology Equipment   1,393   491   1,884     Vehicles   4,267   6,400   10,667     General Equipment   5,70,634   26,500   59,71,24     TOTAL ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION FOR:   Buildings & Building Improvements   1,504   3,816   5,320     Technology Equipment   1,393   491   1,884     Vehicles   4,267   6,400   10,667     General Equipment   5,70,634   26,500   59,71,24     TOTAL ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION FOR FORD FOR	-				
Vehicles         3,259,784         53,129         3,312,913           General Equipment         3,069,221         39,692         3,108,913           TOTAL AT HISTORICAL COST         39,259,120         739,534         -         39,986,654           LESS ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION FOR:         Buildings & Building Improvements         10,403,022         583,064         10,986,086           Technology Equipment         542,968         138,745         681,713           Vehicles         2,150,453         170,012         2,302,465           General Equipment         2,732,716         68,158         2,800,874           TOTAL ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION         15,839,159         959,979         -         16,789,138           GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES CAPITAL NET         23,429,961         (220,445)         -         23,209,516           PROPRIETARY ACTIVITIES CAPITAL NET         32,009         -         32,009         -         32,009,516           PROPRIETARY ACTIVITIES CAPITAL NET         747,693         59,664         -         807,357           TOTALS AT HISTORICAL COST         798,202         59,664         -         857,866           LESS ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION FOR:         Buildings & Building Improvements         1,504         <			*	698,401	
Ceneral Equipment   3,069,221   39,692   3,108,913     TOTAL AT HISTORICAL COST   39,259,120   739,534   - 39,998,654     LESS ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION FOR:					
Description					
Buildings & Building Improvements   10,403,022   583,064   10,986,086   Technology Equipment   542,968   138,745   681,713   Vehicles   2,150,453   170,012   2,230,465   General Equipment   2,732,716   68,158   2,800,874   TOTAL ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION   15,829,159   959,979   - 16,789,138   GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES CAPITAL NET   23,429,961   (220,445)   - 23,209,516   Constitution   23,20					
Buildings & Building Improvements   10,403,022   583,064   10,986,086   Technology Equipment   542,968   138,745   681,713   Vehicles   2,150,453   170,012   2,230,465   General Equipment   2,732,716   68,158   2,2800,874   TOTAL ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION   15,829,159   959,979   - 16,789,138   GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES CAPITAL NET   23,429,961   (220,445)   - 23,209,516	TOTAL AT HISTORICAL COST	39,259,120	739,534	-	39,998,654
Technology Equipment         542,968         138,745         681,713           Vehicles         2,150,453         170,012         2,320,465           General Equipment         2,732,716         68,158         2,280,0874           TOTAL ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION         15,829,159         959,979         -         16,789,138           GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES CAPITAL NET         23,429,961         (220,445)         -         23,209,516           PROPRIETARY ACTIVITIES:           Depreciable Assets:           Buildings & Building Improvements         15,330         -         31,79           Vehicles         32,000         32,000           General Equipment         747,693         59,664         807,357           TOTALS AT HISTORICAL COST         798,202         59,664         -         857,866           LESS ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION FOR:         Buildings & Building Improvements         1,504         3,816         5,320           Technology Equipment         1,393         491         1,884           Vehicles         4,267         6,400         10,667           General Equipment         570,624         26,500         597,124           TOTAL ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION         577,788         37,207 <td>LESS ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION FOR:</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	LESS ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION FOR:				
Vehicles         2,150,453         170,012         2,320,465           General Equipment         2,732,716         68,158         2,800,874           TOTAL ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION         15,829,159         959,979         -         16,789,138           GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES CAPITAL NET         23,429,961         (220,445)         -         23,209,516           PROPRIETARY ACTIVITIES:           Depreciable Assets:           Buildings & Building Improvements         15,330         15,330           Technology Equipment         3,179         3,179           Vehicles         32,000         32,000           General Equipment         747,693         59,664         807,357           TOTALS AT HISTORICAL COST         798,202         59,664         -         857,866           LESS ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION FOR:         80,4267         6,400         10,667         1,884           Vehicles         4,267         6,400         10,667         1,884           Vehicles         4,267         6,400         10,667         1,667           General Equipment         570,624         26,500         597,124           TOTAL ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION         577,788         37,207         -         614	Buildings & Building Improvements	10,403,022	583,064		10,986,086
General Equipment         2,732,716         68,158         2,800,874           TOTAL ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION         15,829,159         959,979         - 16,789,138           GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES CAPITAL NET         23,429,961         (220,445)         - 23,209,516           PROPRIETARY ACTIVITIES:           Depreciable Assets:           Buildings & Building Improvements         15,330         15,330           Technology Equipment         3,179         31,79           Vehicles         32,000         32,000           General Equipment         747,693         59,664         807,357           TOTALS AT HISTORICAL COST         798,202         59,664         807,357           TOTALS AT HISTORICAL COST         798,202         59,664         807,357           TOTALS AT HISTORICAL COST         798,202         59,664         807,357           Buildings & Building Improvements         1,504         3,816         5,320           Technology Equipment         1,593         491         1,884           Vehicles         4,267         6,400         10,667           General Equipment         570,624         26,500         597,124           TOTAL ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION         577,788         37,207	Technology Equipment	542,968	138,745		681,713
TOTAL ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION         15,829,159         959,979         -         16,789,138           GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES CAPITAL NET         23,429,961         (220,445)         -         23,209,516           PROPRIETARY ACTIVITIES:           Depreciable Assets:           Buildings & Building Improvements         15,330         15,330           Technology Equipment         3,179         3,179           Vehicles         32,000         32,000           General Equipment         747,693         59,664         807,357           TOTALS AT HISTORICAL COST         798,202         59,664         857,866           LESS ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION FOR:         801,393         491         1,884           Vehicles         4,267         6,400         10,667           General Equipment         570,624         26,500         597,124           TOTAL ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION         577,788         37,207         -         614,995           PROPRIETARY ACTIVITIES CAPITAL NET         220,414         22,457         -         242,871           DEPRECIATION EXPENSE CHARGED TO GOVERNMENTAL FUNCTIONS AS FOLLOWS:           Instructional         361,571           Student Support Services         17,800	Vehicles	2,150,453	170,012		2,320,465
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES CAPITAL NET         23,429,961         (220,445)         -         23,209,516           PROPRIETARY ACTIVITIES:           Depreciable Assets:           Buildings & Building Improvements         15,330         15,330           Technology Equipment         3,179         3,179           Vehicles         32,000         32,000           General Equipment         747,693         59,664         807,357           TOTALS AT HISTORICAL COST         798,202         59,664         87,866           LESS ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION FOR:         81,504         3,816         5,320           Technology Equipment         1,594         3,816         5,320           Technology Equipment         1,593         491         1,884           Vehicles         4,267         6,400         10,667           General Equipment         570,624         26,500         597,124           TOTAL ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION         577,788         37,207         -         614,995           PROPRIETARY ACTIVITIES CAPITAL NET         220,414         22,457         -         242,871           DEPRECIATION EXPENSE CHARGED TO GOVERNMENTAL FUNCTIONS AS FOLLOWS:           Instructional         3,61,571         3,	General Equipment	2,732,716	68,158		2,800,874
PROPRIETARY ACTIVITIES:           Depreciable Assets:         15,330         15,330           Buildings & Building Improvements         3,179         3,179           Vehicles         32,000         32,000           General Equipment         747,693         59,664         807,357           TOTALS AT HISTORICAL COST         798,202         59,664         - 857,866           LESS ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION FOR:         807,307         - 857,866           Buildings & Building Improvements         1,504         3,816         5,320           Technology Equipment         1,393         491         1,884           Vehicles         4,267         6,400         10,667           General Equipment         570,624         26,500         597,124           TOTAL ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION         577,788         37,207         - 614,995           PROPRIETARY ACTIVITIES CAPITAL NET         220,414         22,457         - 242,871           DEPRECIATION EXPENSE CHARGED TO GOVERNENTAL FUNCTIONS AS FOLLOWS:           Instructional         361,571         Student Support Services         4,912           Staff Support Services         17,800         17,800           District Administration         4,201         4,912 <tr< td=""><td>TOTAL ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION</td><td>15,829,159</td><td>959,979</td><td>-</td><td>16,789,138</td></tr<>	TOTAL ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION	15,829,159	959,979	-	16,789,138
Depreciable Assets:           Buildings & Building Improvements         15,330         15,330           Technology Equipment         3,179         31,79           Vehicles         32,000         32,000           General Equipment         747,693         59,664         - 857,866           LESS ACTUMULATED DEPRECIATION FOR:         807,357         807         - 857,866           LESS ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION FOR:         807,357         807         - 857,866           LESS ACQUIPMENT REPRECIATION FOR:         807,357         1 1,884         <	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES CAPITAL NET	23,429,961	(220,445)	-	23,209,516
Depreciable Assets:           Buildings & Building Improvements         15,330         15,330           Technology Equipment         3,179         31,79           Vehicles         32,000         32,000           General Equipment         747,693         59,664         - 857,866           LESS ACTUMULATED DEPRECIATION FOR:         807,357         807         - 857,866           LESS ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION FOR:         807,357         807         - 857,866           LESS ACQUIPMENT REPRECIATION FOR:         807,357         1 1,884         <	PROPRIETARY ACTIVITIES:				
Buildings & Building Improvements         15,330         15,330           Technology Equipment         3,179         3,179           Vehicles         32,000         32,000           General Equipment         747,693         59,664         807,357           TOTALS AT HISTORICAL COST         798,202         59,664         807,357           TOTALS ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION FOR:         8uildings & Building Improvements         1,504         3,816         5,320           Technology Equipment         1,393         491         1,884           Vehicles         4,267         6,400         10,667           General Equipment         570,624         26,500         597,124           TOTAL ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION         577,788         37,207         -         614,995           PROPRIETARY ACTIVITIES CAPITAL NET         220,414         22,457         -         242,871           DEPRECIATION EXPENSE CHARGED TO GOVERNMENTAL FUNCTIONS AS FOLLOWS:           Instructional         361,571         361,571           Student Support Services         17,800           District Administration         3,603           School Administration         4,230           Business Support Services         3,603           Plant Operat					
Technology Equipment         3,179         3,179           Vehicles         32,000         32,000           General Equipment         747,693         59,664         807,357           TOTALS AT HISTORICAL COST         798,202         59,664         -         857,866           LESS ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION FOR:         81         5,320         59,664         -         857,866           LESS ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION FOR:         81         5,320         59,664         -         857,866           LESS ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION FOR:         81         3,816         5,320         5,320           Technology Equipment         1,393         491         1,884         4,846         4,667         6,400         10,667         6,600         597,124         10,667         6,400         597,124         10,667         597,124         10,667         597,124         10,667         597,124         10,667         10,667         597,124         10,667         10	-	15 330			15 330
Vehicles         32,000         32,000           General Equipment         747,693         59,664         807,357           TOTALS AT HISTORICAL COST         798,202         59,664         -         857,866           LESS ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION FOR:         Buildings & Building Improvements         1,504         3,816         5,320           Technology Equipment         1,393         491         1,884           Vehicles         4,267         6,400         10,667           General Equipment         570,624         26,500         597,124           TOTAL ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION         577,788         37,207         -         614,995           PROPRIETARY ACTIVITIES CAPITAL NET         220,414         22,457         -         242,871           DEPRECIATION EXPENSE CHARGED TO GOVERNMENTAL FUNCTIONS AS FOLLOWS:         Instructional         361,571           Student Support Services         4,912           Staff Support Services         17,800           District Administration         4,230           School Administration         4,230           Business Support Services         3,603           Plant Operation & Maintenance         400,319           Student Transportation         164,066					
General Equipment         747,693         59,664         807,357           TOTALS AT HISTORICAL COST         798,202         59,664         -         857,866           LESS ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION FOR:         Buildings & Building Improvements         1,504         3,816         5,320           Technology Equipment         1,393         491         1,884           Vehicles         4,267         6,400         10,667           General Equipment         570,624         26,500         597,124           TOTAL ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION         577,788         37,207         -         614,995           PROPRIETARY ACTIVITIES CAPITAL NET         220,414         22,457         -         242,871           DEPRECIATION EXPENSE CHARGED TO GOVERNMENTAL FUNCTIONS AS FOLLOWS:         Instructional         361,571           Student Support Services         17,800           District Administration         3,478           School Administration         4,230           Business Support Services         3,603           Plant Operation & Maintenance         400,319           Student Transportation         164,066					
TOTALS AT HISTORICAL COST         798,202         59,664         -         857,866           LESS ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION FOR:         3,816         5,320           Buildings & Building Improvements         1,504         3,816         5,320           Technology Equipment         1,393         491         1,884           Vehicles         4,267         6,400         10,667           General Equipment         570,624         26,500         597,124           TOTAL ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION         577,788         37,207         -         614,995           PROPRIETARY ACTIVITIES CAPITAL NET         220,414         22,457         -         242,871           DEPRECIATION EXPENSE CHARGED TO GOVERNMENTAL FUNCTIONS AS FOLLOWS:         1         361,571           Instructional         361,571         361,571         361,571           Student Support Services         4,912         347,800         347,800           District Administration         3,478         3,603           Business Support Services         3,603           Plant Operation & Maintenance         400,319           Student Transportation         164,066			50 664		
LESS ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION FOR:           Buildings & Building Improvements         1,504         3,816         5,320           Technology Equipment         1,393         491         1,884           Vehicles         4,267         6,400         10,667           General Equipment         570,624         26,500         597,124           TOTAL ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION         577,788         37,207         -         614,995           PROPRIETARY ACTIVITIES CAPITAL NET         220,414         22,457         -         242,871           DEPRECIATION EXPENSE CHARGED TO GOVERNMENTAL FUNCTIONS AS FOLLOWS:         1         361,571         Student Support Services         4,912           Staff Support Services         17,800         3,478         3,478           School Administration         3,603           Business Support Services         3,603           Plant Operation & Maintenance         400,319           Student Transportation         164,066					
Buildings & Building Improvements         1,504         3,816         5,320           Technology Equipment         1,393         491         1,884           Vehicles         4,267         6,400         10,667           General Equipment         570,624         26,500         597,124           TOTAL ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION         577,788         37,207         -         614,995           PROPRIETARY ACTIVITIES CAPITAL NET         220,414         22,457         -         242,871           DEPRECIATION EXPENSE CHARGED TO GOVERNMENTAL FUNCTIONS AS FOLLOWS:         361,571         Student Support Services         4,912           Staff Support Services         17,800         17,800         3,478           School Administration         3,478         3,603           Plant Operation & Maintenance         4,0319           Student Transportation         164,066		798,202	39,004	-	837,800
Technology Equipment         1,393         491         1,884           Vehicles         4,267         6,400         10,667           General Equipment         570,624         26,500         597,124           TOTAL ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION         577,788         37,207         -         614,995           PROPRIETARY ACTIVITIES CAPITAL NET         220,414         22,457         -         242,871           DEPRECIATION EXPENSE CHARGED TO GOVERNMENTAL FUNCTIONS AS FOLLOWS:         361,571         Student Support Services         4,912           Staff Support Services         17,800         17,800         3,478           School Administration         3,478         3,603           Plant Operation & Maintenance         4,0319           Student Transportation         164,066		1.504	2.016		5 220
Vehicles         4,267         6,400         10,667           General Equipment         570,624         26,500         597,124           TOTAL ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION         577,788         37,207         -         614,995           PROPRIETARY ACTIVITIES CAPITAL NET         220,414         22,457         -         242,871           DEPRECIATION EXPENSE CHARGED TO GOVERNMENTAL FUNCTIONS AS FOLLOWS:         361,571         Student Support Services         4,912           Staff Support Services         17,800         District Administration         3,478           School Administration         4,230         4,230           Business Support Services         3,603           Plant Operation & Maintenance         400,319           Student Transportation         164,066					
General Equipment         570,624         26,500         597,124           TOTAL ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION         577,788         37,207         -         614,995           PROPRIETARY ACTIVITIES CAPITAL NET         220,414         22,457         -         242,871           DEPRECIATION EXPENSE CHARGED TO GOVERNMENTAL FUNCTIONS AS FOLLOWS:         361,571         361,571           Student Support Services         4,912         4,912           Staff Support Services         17,800         3,478           School Administration         3,478         4,230           Business Support Services         3,603         9           Plant Operation & Maintenance         400,319           Student Transportation         164,066					
TOTAL ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION         577,788         37,207         -         614,995           PROPRIETARY ACTIVITIES CAPITAL NET         220,414         22,457         -         242,871           DEPRECIATION EXPENSE CHARGED TO GOVERNMENTAL FUNCTIONS AS FOLLOWS:         Instructional         361,571           Student Support Services         4,912           Staff Support Services         17,800           District Administration         3,478           School Administration         4,230           Business Support Services         3,603           Plant Operation & Maintenance         400,319           Student Transportation         164,066					
PROPRIETARY ACTIVITIES CAPITAL NET  220,414  22,457  DEPRECIATION EXPENSE CHARGED TO GOVERNMENTAL FUNCTIONS AS FOLLOWS:  Instructional Student Support Services  4,912 Staff Support Services 17,800 District Administration School Administration 4,230 Business Support Services 3,603 Plant Operation & Maintenance 400,319 Student Transportation 164,066					
DEPRECIATION EXPENSE CHARGED TO GOVERNMENTAL FUNCTIONS AS FOLLOWS:  Instructional 361,571 Student Support Services 4,912 Staff Support Services 17,800 District Administration 3,478 School Administration 4,230 Business Support Services 3,603 Plant Operation & Maintenance 400,319 Student Transportation 164,066					
Instructional       361,571         Student Support Services       4,912         Staff Support Services       17,800         District Administration       3,478         School Administration       4,230         Business Support Services       3,603         Plant Operation & Maintenance       400,319         Student Transportation       164,066	PROPRIETARY ACTIVITIES CAPITAL NET	220,414	22,457		242,871
Student Support Services       4,912         Staff Support Services       17,800         District Administration       3,478         School Administration       4,230         Business Support Services       3,603         Plant Operation & Maintenance       400,319         Student Transportation       164,066	DEPRECIATION EXPENSE CHARGED TO GOVERN	MENTAL FUNCTION	NS AS FOLLOWS:		
Staff Support Services17,800District Administration3,478School Administration4,230Business Support Services3,603Plant Operation & Maintenance400,319Student Transportation164,066					361,571
District Administration3,478School Administration4,230Business Support Services3,603Plant Operation & Maintenance400,319Student Transportation164,066	Student Support Services				4,912
School Administration4,230Business Support Services3,603Plant Operation & Maintenance400,319Student Transportation164,066	Staff Support Services				17,800
Business Support Services 3,603 Plant Operation & Maintenance 400,319 Student Transportation 164,066	District Administration				3,478
Plant Operation & Maintenance 400,319 Student Transportation 164,066	School Administration				4,230
Student Transportation 164,066	Business Support Services				3,603
	Plant Operation & Maintenance				400,319
TOTAL 959,979	Student Transportation				164,066
	TOTAL				959,979

#### NOTE G – RETIREMENT PLANS

The District's employees are provided with two pension plans, based on each position's college degree

requirement. The County Employees Retirement System covers employees whose position does not require a college degree or teaching certification. The Kentucky Teachers Retirement System covers positions requiring teaching certification or otherwise requiring a college degree.

#### General information about the County Employees Retirement System Non-Hazardous ("CERS")

Plan description—Employees whose positions do not require a degree beyond a high school diploma are covered by the CERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Kentucky Retirement System, an agency of the Commonwealth of Kentucky. Under the provisions of the Kentucky Revised Statute ("KRS") Section 61.645, the Board of Trustees of the Kentucky Retirement System administers CERS and has the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions. The Kentucky Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for CERS. That report may be obtained from http://kyret.ky.gov/.

Benefits provided—CERS provides retirement, health insurance, death and disability benefits to Plan employees and beneficiaries. Employees are vested in the plan after five years' service. For retirement purposes, employees are grouped into three tiers, based on hire date:

Tier 1	Participation date	Before September 1, 2008
	Unreduced retirement	27 years service or 65 years old
	Reduced retirement	At least 5 years service and 55 years old
		At least 25 years service and any age
Tier 2	Participation date	September 1, 2008 - December 31, 2013
	Unreduced retirement	At least 5 years service and 65 years old
		OR age 57+ and sum of service years plus age equal 87
	Reduced retirement	At least 10 years service or 60 years old
Tier 3	Participation date	After December 31, 2013
	Unreduced retirement	At least 5 years service and 65 years old
		OR age 57+ and sum of service years plus age equal 87
	Reduced retirement	Not Available

Cost of living adjustments are provided at the discretion of the General Assembly. Retirement is based on a factor of the number of years' service and hire date multiplied by the average of the highest five years' earnings. Reduced benefits are based on factors of both of these components. Participating employees become eligible to receive the health insurance benefit after at least 180 months of service. Death benefits are provided for both death after retirement and death prior to retirement. Death benefits after retirement are \$5,000 in lump sum. Five years' service is required for death benefits prior to retirement and the employee must have suffered a duty-related death. The decedent's beneficiary will receive the higher of the normal death benefit and \$10,000 plus 25% of the decedent's monthly final rate of pay and any dependent child will receive 10% of the decedent's monthly final rate of pay up to 40% for all dependent children. Five years' service is required for nonservice-related disability benefits

Contributions—Required contributions by the employee are based on the tier:

	Required
	Contributions
Tier 1	5%
Tier 2	5% +1% for insurance
Tier 3	5% +1% for insurance

#### General information about the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky ("TRS")

Plan description—Teaching certified employees of the District and other employees whose positions require at least a college degree are provided pensions through the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (TRS)—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with a special funding situation established to provide retirement annuity plan coverage for local school districts and other public educational agencies in the Commonwealth. TRS was created by the 1938 General Assembly and is governed by Chapter 161 Section 220 through Chapter 161 Section 990 of the KRS. TRS is a blended component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky and therefore is included in the Commonwealth's financial statements. TRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at http://www.TRS.ky.gov/05\_publications/index.htm.

Benefits provided—For employees who have established an account in a retirement system administered by the Commonwealth prior to July 1, 2008, employees become vested when they complete five (5) years of credited service. To qualify for monthly retirement benefits, payable for life, employees must either:

- 1.) Attain age fifty-five (55) and complete five (5) years of Kentucky service, or
- 2.) Complete 27 years of Kentucky service.

Employees that retire before age 60 with less than 27 years of service receive reduced retirement benefits. Non-university employees with an account established prior to July 1, 2002 receive monthly payments equal to two (2) percent (service prior to July 1, 1983) and two and one-half (2.5) percent (service after July 1, 1983) of their final average salaries for each year of credited service. New employees (including second retirement accounts) after July 1, 2002 will receive monthly benefits equal to 2% of their final average salary for each year of service if, upon retirement, their total service less than ten years. New employees after July 1, 2002 who retire with ten or more years of total service will receive monthly benefits equal to 2.5% of their final average salary for each year of service, including the first ten years.

In addition, employees who retire July 1, 2004 and later with more than 30 years of service will have their multiplier increased for all years over 30 from 2.5% to 3.0% to be used in their benefit calculation. Effective July 1, 2008, the System has been amended to change the benefit structure for employees hired on or after that date.

Final average salary is defined as the member's five (5) highest annual salaries for those with less than 27 years of service. Employees at least age 55 with 27 or more years of service may use their three (3) highest annual salaries to compute the final average salary. TRS also provides disability benefits for vested employees at the rate of sixty (60) percent of the final average salary. A life insurance benefit, payable upon the death of a member, is \$2,000 for active contributing employees and \$5,000 for retired or disabled employees.

Cost of living increases are one and one-half (1.5) percent annually. Additional ad hoc increases and any other benefit amendments must be authorized by the General Assembly.

Contributions—Contribution rates are established by Kentucky Revised Statutes (KRS). University members contribute 10.40% of salary to the retirement system. Non-university members contribute 12.855% of salary to the retirement system. Member contributions are picked up by the employer.

The Commonwealth of Kentucky, as a non-employer contributing entity, pays matching contributions at the rate of 13.105% of salaries for local school district and regional cooperative employees hired before July 1, 2008 and 14.105% for those hired after July 1, 2008. For local school district and regional cooperative employees whose salaries are federally funded, the employer contributes 16.105% of salaries. If an employee leaves covered employment before accumulating five (5) years of credited service, accumulated employee pension contributions plus interest are refunded to the employee upon the member's request.

#### **Medical Insurance Plan**

Plan description—In addition to the pension benefits described above, KRS 161.675 requires TRS to provide post-employment healthcare benefits to eligible employees and dependents. The TRS Medical Insurance Fund is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan. Changes made to the medical plan may be made by the TRS Board of Trustees, the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance and the General Assembly.

To be eligible for medical benefits, the member must have retired either for service or disability. The TRS Medical Insurance Fund offers coverage to employees under the age of 65 through the Kentucky Employees Health Plan administered by the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance. Once retired employees and eligible spouses attain age 65 and are Medicare eligible, coverage is obtained through the TRS Medicare Eligible Health Plan.

Funding policy—In order to fund the post-retirement healthcare benefit, six percent (6%) of the gross annual payroll of employees before July 1, 2008 is contributed. Three percent (3%) is paid by member contributions and three quarters percent (.75%) from Commonwealth appropriation and two and one quarter percent (2.25%) from the employer. Also, the premiums collected from retirees as described in the plan description and investment interest help meet the medical expenses of the plan.

At June 30, 2023, the District reported a liability of \$7,050,312 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability for CERS. The District did not report a liability for the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability for TRS because the Commonwealth of Kentucky provides the pension support directly to TRS on behalf of the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related Commonwealth support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the CERS net pension liability	\$	7,050,312
Commonwealth's proportional share of the TRS net		
pension liability associated with the District		32,928,862
	<u>\$</u>	39,979,174

The net pension liability for each plan was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

The District's proportion of the net pension liability for CERS was based on the actual liability of the employees and former employees relative to the total liability of the System as determined by the actuary. At June 30, 2022, the District's proportion was 0.097528% percent.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized pension expense of \$480,066 related to CERS and \$3,004,470 related to TRS. The District also recognized revenue of \$3,004,470 for TRS support provided by the Commonwealth. At June 30, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

			Γ	eferred
	Out	flows of	Ir	nflows of
	Res	sources	R	esources
Differences between expected and actual				
experience	\$	7,538	\$	62,786
Changes of assumptions		-		-
Net difference between projected and actual				
earnings on pension plan investments		959,336		778,592
Changes in proportion and differences				
between District contributions and proportionate				
share of contributions		184,003		259,928
District contributions subsequent to the				
measurement date		606,962		
Total	\$	1,757,839	\$	1,101,306

\$606,962 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:		
2024	10,859	
2025	(102,325)	
2026	(59,247)	
2027	200,284	
2028	-	

Actuarial assumptions—The total pension liability in the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

#### Teachers' Retirement System (TRS)

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Long-term Investment Rate of Return,	
net of pension plan investment	
expense, including inflation	7.10%
Municipal Bond Index Rate	
Prior Measurement Date	2.19%
Measurement Date	2.13%
Salary increases, including inflation	3.00-7.50%, includes inflation
Post-retirement benefit increases	1.50% annually
Inflation rate	2.50%
Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of	
pension plan investment expense,	
including inflation	
Prior Measurement Date	7.50%
Measurement Date	7.10%
expense, including inflation Municipal Bond Index Rate Prior Measurement Date Measurement Date Salary increases, including inflation Post-retirement benefit increases Inflation rate Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation Prior Measurement Date	2.19% 2.13% 3.00-7.50%, includes inflatio 1.50% annually 2.50%

Mortality rates were based on the Pub2010 (Teachers Benefit-Weighted) Mortality Table projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set-forwards, set-backs, and adjustments for each of the groups; service, retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees, and active members. The actuarial assumptions used were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ending June 30, 2020, adopted by the board on September 20, 2021. The assumed long-term investment rate of return was changed from 7.50 percent to 7.10 percent and the price inflation assumption was lowered from 3.0 percent to 2.5 percent. The Municipal Bond Index Rate used for this purpose is the June average of the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

For TRS, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a lognormal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by TRS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-Term Expected Real Rates
Asset Class	Allocation	of Return
Large Cap U.S. Equity	37.40%	4.20%
Small Cap U.S. Equity	2.60%	4.70%
Developed International Equity	16.50%	5.30%
Emerging Markets Equity	5.50%	5.40%
Fixed Income	15.00%	-0.1%
High Yield Bonds	2.00%	1.70%
Other Additional Categories	5.00%	2.20%
Real Estate	7.00%	4.0%
Private Equity	7.00%	6.9%
Cash	2.0%	-0.3%
Total	100.0%	

Discount rate - For TRS, The discount rate used to measure the TPL as of the Measurement Date was 7.10 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate was performed in accordance with GASB 67. We assumed that Plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rates and that Employer contributions will be made at the Actuarially Determined Contribution rates for all fiscal years in the future. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

#### County Employees' Retirement System (CERS)

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2020
Experience Study	July 1, 2013-June 30, 2018
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Level Percent of Pay
Remaining Amortization Period	30 years, closed
Asset Valuation Method	20% of the difference between the market value of assets
	and the expected actuarial value of assets is recognized
Payroll Growth Rate	2.0%
Investment rate of return	6.25%
Projected salary increases	3.30 to 10.30%, varies by service
Inflation rate	2.30%

The mortality table used for active members was Pub-2010 General Mortality table, for the Nonhazardous

For CERS, the long-term expected return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the regular experience studies prepared every five years for the system. The most recent analysis, performed for the period covering fiscal years 2013 through 2018, is outlined in a report titled "Kentucky Retirement Systems 2018 Actuarial Experience Study for the Period Ending June 30, 2018". The long-term expected rate of return was determined by using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rate of return by the target asset allocation percentage. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rate of return for each major asset class is summarized in the table below. The current long-term inflation assumption is 2.3% per annum.

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Growth	68.50%	
U.S. Equity	21.75%	5.70%
Non-U.S. Equity	21.75%	6.35%
Private Equity	10.00%	9.70%
Specialty Credit/High Yield	15.00%	2.80%
Liquidity	11.50%	
Core Bonds	10.00%	0.00%
Cash	1.50%	-0.60%
Diversifying Strategies	20.00%	
Real Estate	10.00%	5.40%
Opportunistic	0.00%	N/A
Real Return	10.00%	4.55%
Total	100.0%	5.00%
Long Term Inflation Assumption		2.30%
Expected Nominal Return for Portfolio		7.30%

Discount rate—For CERS, projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate of 6.25% assumes that the funds receive the required employer contributions each future year, as determined by the current funding policy established in Statute as amended by House Bill 362 (passed in 2018) over the remaining 30 years (closed) amortization period of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

Sensitivity of CERS and TRS proportionate share of net pension liability to changes in the discount rate— The following table presents the net pension liability of the District, calculated using the discount rates selected by each pension system, as well as what the District's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Current Discount Rate	1% Increase
CERS District's proportionate share	5.25%	6.25%	7.25%
of net pension liability	8,812,016	7,050,312	5,593,237
TRS District's proportionate share	6.50%	7.50%	8.50%
of net pension liability	0	0	0

*Pension plan fiduciary net position*—Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial reports of both CERS and TRS.

#### NOTE H – POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS

#### Teachers' Retirement System of Kentucky

Plan description – Teaching-certified employees of the Kentucky School District are provided OPEBs through the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (TRS)—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan with a special funding situation established to provide retirement annuity plan coverage for local school districts and other public educational agencies in the state. TRS was created by the 1938 General Assembly and is governed by Chapter 161 Section 220 through Chapter 161 Section 990 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes (KRS). TRS is a blended component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky and therefore is included in the Commonwealth's financial statements. TRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at https://trs.ky.gov/financial-reports-information.

The state reports a liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, and expense as a result of its statutory requirement to contribute to the TRS Medical Insurance and Life Insurance Plans. The following information is about the TRS plans:

#### **Medical Insurance Plan**

*Plan description* – In addition to the OPEB benefits described above, Kentucky Revised Statute 161.675 requires TRS to provide post-employment healthcare benefits to eligible members and dependents. The TRS Medical Insurance benefit is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan with a special funding situation. Changes made to the medical plan may be made by the TRS Board of Trustees, the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance and the General Assembly.

Benefits provided – To be eligible for medical benefits, the member must have retired either for service or disability. The TRS Medical Insurance Fund offers coverage to members under the age of 65 through the Kentucky Employees Health Plan administered by the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance. TRS retired members are given a supplement to be used for payment of their health insurance premium. The amount of the member's supplement is based on a contribution supplement table approved by the TRS Board of Trustees. The retired member pays premiums in excess of the monthly supplement. Once retired members and eligible spouses attain age 65 and are Medicare eligible, coverage is obtained through the TRS Medicare Eligible Health Plan.

Contributions – In order to fund the post-retirement healthcare benefit, seven and one-half percent (7.50%) of the gross annual payroll of members is contributed. Three percent (3.75%) is paid by member contributions and three quarters percent (.75%) from state appropriation and three percent (3.00%) from the employer. The state contributes the net cost of health insurance premiums for members who retired on or after July 1, 2010 who are in the non-Medicare eligible group. Also, the premiums collected from retirees as described in the plan description and investment interest help meet the medical expenses of the plan.

At June 30, 2023, the Clinton County District reported a liability of \$3,482,000 for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability that reflected a reduction for state OPEB support provided to the District. The collective net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the collective net OPEB liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2022, the District's proportion was .1403 percent, compared to .1927 percent at June 30, 2021.

The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 3,482,000
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB	
liability associated with the District	1,144,000
Total	\$ 4,626,000

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$122,033 and revenue of \$61,340 for support provided by the State. At June 30, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEBs from the following sources:

	Deterrea Outhows of		Defelled inflows of	
		Resources	]	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	-
Changes of assumptions		707,000		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		185,000		1,464,000
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions		902,000		279,000
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date		236,956		
Total		2,030,956		1,743,000

Of the total amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB, \$236,956 resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date and before the end of the fiscal year will be included as a reduction of the collective net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in the District's OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2024	\$ (130,000)
2025	(99,000)
2026	(68,000)
2027	144,000
2028	138,000
Thereafter	66,000

Actuarial assumptions – The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Long-term investment rate of return net of OPEB plan investment	
expense, including inflation.	
Health Trust	7.10%
Life Trust	7.10%
Salary increases, including wage	
Inflation	3.00 - 7.50%
Inflation	2.50%
Real wage growth	0.25%
Wage Inflation	2.75%
Health Trust Health Care Cost Trends	
Under 65	7.00% for FY 2021 decreasing to an ultimate rate of
	4.50% by FY 2031
Ages 65 and Older	5.00% for FY 2022* decreasing to an ultimate rate of
	4.50% by FY 2024
Medicare Part B Premiums	4.40% for FY 2021 with an ultimate rate of 4.50% by 2034
Municipal Bond Index Rate	2.13%
Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of	
OPEB plan investment expense,	
including price inflation	
Health Trust	7.10%
Life Trust	7.10%
Year FNP is projected to be depleted	
Health Trust	N/A
Life Trust	N/A

<sup>\*</sup>Based on known expected increase in Medicare-eligible costs in the year following the valuation date, an increase rate of 20.00% was used for FYE 2021.

Mortality rates were based on the Pub2010 (Teachers Benefit-Weighted) Mortality Table projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set-forwards, set-backs, and adjustments for each of the groups; service, retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees, and active members.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends) used in the June 30, 2022 valuation of the Health Trust were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2022 valuation. The health care cost trend assumption was updated for the June 30, 2022 valuation and was shown as an assumption change in the TOL roll forward, while the change in initial per capita claims costs were included with experience in the TOL roll forward.

The long-term expected rate of return on Health Trust and Life Trust investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by TRS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Global Equity	58.00%	5.10%
Fixed Income	9.00%	-0.10%
Real Estate	6.50%	4.00%
Private Equity	8.50%	6.90%
Additional Category: High		
Yield	8.00%	1.70%
Other Additional Categories	9.00%	2.20%
Cash (LIBOR)	1.00%	-0.30%
	100.00%	

*Discount rate* (SEIR)- The discount rate used to measure the TOL at June 30, 2022 was 7.10% for the Health Trust and 7.10% for the Life Trust. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate was performed in accordance with GASB 75. The projection's basis was an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2021.

The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability of the System, calculated using the discount rate of 7.10%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.10%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.10%) than the current rate:

	Current Discount		
	1% Decrease	Rate	1% Increase
TRS	6.10%	7.10%	8.10%
District's proportionate share			
of net OPEB liability	4,368,000	3,482,000	2,748,000

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates – The following presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that were 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	Current Trend		
	1% Decrease	Rate	1% Increase
District's proportionate share			
of net OPEB liability	2,610,000	3,482,000	4,566,000

*OPEB plan fiduciary net position* – Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS financial report.

#### Life Insurance Plan

Plan description – Life Insurance Plan – TRS administers the life insurance plan as provided by Kentucky Revised Statute 161.655 to eligible active and retired members. The TRS Life Insurance benefit is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan with a special funding situation. Changes made to the life insurance plan may be made by the TRS Board of Trustees and the General Assembly.

*Benefits provided* – TRS provides a life insurance benefit of five thousand dollars payable for members who retire based on service or disability. TRS provides a life insurance benefit of two thousand dollars payable for its active contributing members. The life insurance benefit is payable upon the death of the member to the member's estate or to a party designated by the member.

*Contributions* – In order to fund the post-retirement life insurance benefit, three hundredths of one percent (.03%) of the gross annual payroll of members is contributed by the state.

At June 30, 2023, the Kentucky School District did not report a liability for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability for life insurance benefits because the State of Kentucky provides the OPEB support directly to TRS on behalf of the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	-0-
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB	
liability associated with the District	57,000
Total	\$ 57,000

Actuarial assumptions – The actuarial assumptions are listed above with the TRS OPEB assumptions information.

The long-term expected rate of return on Health Trust and Life Trust investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by TRS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Global Equity	40.00%	4.40%
International Equity	23.00%	5.60%
Fixed Income	18.00%	-0.10%
Real Estate	6.00%	4.00%
Private Equity	5.00%	6.90%
Additional Categories	6.00%	2.10%
Cash (LIBOR)	2.00%	-0.30%
	100.00%	

*Discount rate* (*SEIR*) - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability for life insurance was 7.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate was performed in accordance with GASB 75. The projection's basis was an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2020.

*OPEB plan fiduciary net position* – Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS financial report.

#### County Employees' Retirement System of Kentucky

Plan description – Classified (non-certified) employees of the Kentucky School District are provided OPEBs through the County Employees Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (CERS)—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan retirement annuity plan coverage for local school districts and other public agencies in the state. CERS was established July 1, 1958 by the state legislature. CERS is a blended component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky and therefore is included in the Commonwealth's financial statements. CERS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at https://kyret.ky.gov/About/Board-of-Trustees/Pages/CAFR-and-SAFR.aspx.

The state reports a liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, and expense as a result of its statutory requirement to contribute to the CERS Medical Insurance. The following information is about the CERS plans:

#### **Medical Insurance Plan**

Plan description —The Kentucky Retirement Systems' Insurance Fund (Insurance Fund) was established to provide hospital and medical insurance for eligible members receiving benefits from KERS, CERS, and SPRS, the state retirement options. The eligible non-Medicare retirees are covered by the Department of Employee Insurance (DEI) plans. The Board contracts with Humana to provide health care benefits to the eligible Medicare retirees through a Medicare Advantage Plan. The Insurance Fund pays a prescribed contribution for whole or partial payment of required premiums to purchase hospital and medical insurance. It is noted that while this insurance fund covers employees eligible through KERS, CERS, and SPRS, only the portion related to CERS is applicable to Spencer County School District since the District does not have or qualify to have employees participate in KERS or SPRS.

Benefits provided – Medical Insurance coverage is provided based on the member's initial participation date and length of service. Members received either a percentage or dollar amount for insurance coverage. The amount of contribution paid by the Insurance Fund is based on years of service. For members participating prior to July 1, 2003, years of service and respective percentages of the maximum contribution are as follows:

Years of Service	Paid By Insurance Fund (%)
20+	100%
15-19	75%
10-14	50%
4-9	25%
Less than 4	0%

Medical insurance benefits are calculated differently for members who began participating on or after July 1, 2003. Once members reach a vesting period of 10 years, non-hazardous employees whose participation began on or after July 1, 2003 earn \$10 per month for insurance benefits at retirement for every year of earned service without regard to a maximum dollar amount. This dollar amount is subject to adjustment annually, which is currently 1.5%, based upon Kentucky Revised Statutes. The Kentucky General Assembly reserves the right to suspend or reduce this benefit if, in its judgment, the welfare of the Commonwealth so demands. Only benefit descriptions applicable to CERS Non-Hazardous have been included with this information since only that portion is applicable to the District.

Contributions – In order to fund the post-retirement healthcare benefit, five and seventy-eight one hundreds percent (3.39%) of the gross annual payroll of members is contributed for the year ended June 30, 2023 for CERS Non-Hazardous, which is the portion of the plan applicable to the District, and this portion is paid 100% paid by employer contributions. One percent (1.00%) is contributed by employees hired on or after September 1, 2008.

At June 30, 2023, the Clinton County District reported a liability of \$1,924,393 for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability that reflected a reduction for state OPEB support provided to the District. The collective net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the collective net OPEB liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2022, the District's proportion was .097511 percent, compared to .102941 percent at June 30, 2021.

The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 1,924,393
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB	
liability associated with the District	-0-
Total	\$ 1,924,393

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$242,547. At June 30, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEBs from the following sources:

	Defer	red Outflows of	Deferr	ed Inflows of
	<u>I</u>	Resources	Re	esources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	193,706	\$	441,308
Changes of assumptions		304,356		250,788
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		358,342		280,235
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contrbutions		129,073		182,769
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date		157,314		
Total		1,142,791		1,155,100

Of the total amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB, \$157,314 resulting from District contributions of \$87,932 subsequent to the measurement date and before the end of the fiscal year and implicit subsidy of \$69,382, will be included as a reduction of the collective net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in the District's OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2024	\$ (32,035)
2025	(19,129)
2026	(108,059)
2027	(10,400)
2028	-
Thereafter	-

Actuarial assumptions – The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2021
Investment rate of return	6.25%
Salary Increases	3.30% to 10.30%, varies by service
Inflation	2.30%
Payroll Growth Rate	2.00%
Healthcare cost trend rates	
Pre - 65	Initial trend starting at 6.30% at January 1, 2023, and gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 13 years
Post - 65	Initial trend starting at 9.00% in 2023, then gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 13 years
Mortality	•
Pre-retirement	PUB-2010 General Mortality table
Post-retirement (non-disabled)	System-specific mortality table based on mortality experience from 2013-2018, projected with the ultimate rates from MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2019
Post-retirement (disabled)	PUB-2010 Disabled Mortality table, with a 4-year set- forward for both male and female rates, projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2010

The long-term expected rate of return was determined by using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of returns are developed for each asset class. The ranges are combined by weighting the expected future real rate of return by the target asset allocation percentage. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rate of return for each major asset class is summarized in the table below. The current long-term inflation assumption is 2.30% per annum.

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Growth	68.50%	
U.S. Equity	21.75%	5.70%
Non-U.S. Equity	21.75%	6.35%
Private Equity	10.00%	9.70%
Specialty Credit/High Yield	15.00%	2.80%
Liquidity	11.50%	
Core Bonds	10.00%	0.00%
Cash	1.50%	-0.60%
<b>Diversifying Strategies</b>	20.00%	
Real Estate	10.00%	5.40%
Opportunistic	0.00%	N/A
Real Return	10.00%	4.55%
Total	100.0%	

Discount rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 5.70%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the single discount rate must include an assumption regarding future employer contributions made each year. Future contributions are projected assuming that each participating employer in each insurance plan contributes the actuarially determined employer contribution each future year calculated in accordance with the current funding policy, as most recently revised by House Bill 8, passed during the 2021 legislative session. The assumed future employer contributions reflect the provisions of House Bill 362 (passed during the 2018 legislative session) which limit the increases to the employer contribution rates to 12% over the prior fiscal year through June 30, 2028, for the CERS plans.

The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability of the System, calculated using the discount rate of 5.70%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (4.70%) or 1-percentage-point higher (6.70%) than the current rate:

	Current Discount					
	1% Decrease	Rate	1% Increase			
CERS	4.70%	5.70%	6.70%			
District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability	2,572,606	1,924,393	1,388,536			

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates – The following presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that were 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	1% Decrease	Current Trend Rate	1% Increase		
Systems' net pension					
liability	1,430,743	1,924,393	2,517,173		

*OPEB plan fiduciary net position* – Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CERS financial report.

#### **NOTE I – CONTINGENCIES**

The District receives funding from federal, state, and local government agencies and private contributions. These funds are to be used for designated purposes only. For government agency grants, if based upon the grantor's review, the funds are considered not to have been used for the intended purpose, the grantors may request a refund of monies advanced, or refuse to reimburse the District for its disbursements. The amount of such future refunds and unreimbursed disbursements, if any, is not expected, to be significant. Continuation of the District's grant programs is predicated upon the grantors' satisfaction that the funds provided are being spent as intended and the grantors' intent to continue their programs.

#### NOTE J – INSURANCE AND RELATED ACTIVITIES

The District is exposed to various forms of loss of assets associated with the risks of fire, personal liability, theft, vehicular accidents, errors and omissions, fiduciary responsibility, etc. Each of these risk areas is covered through the purchase of commercial insurance. The District has purchased certain policies, which are retrospectively related including Workers' Compensation insurance.

#### NOTE K - RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to injuries to employees. To obtain insurance of workers' compensation, errors and omissions, and general liability coverage, the District obtains quotes from commercial insurance companies. Currently, the District maintains insurance coverage through Ohio Casualty Insurance Company.

The District purchases unemployment insurance through the Kentucky School Boards Insurance Trust Unemployment Compensation Fund; however, risk has not been transferred to such fund. In addition, the District continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

#### NOTE L – DEFICIT OPERATING BALANCES

The Food Service Fund had a deficit fund balance in the amount of \$312,457. Additionally, the following funds have operations that resulted in a current year deficit of expenditures over revenues resulting in a corresponding reduction of fund balance:

District Activity	49,802
Debt Service	953,730
Construction Fund	516,117

#### NOTE M – COBRA

Under COBRA, employers are mandated to notify terminated employees of available continuing insurance coverage. Failure to comply with this requirement may put the School District at risk for a substantial loss (contingency).

#### **NOTE N – TRANSFER OF FUNDS**

The following transfers were made during the year:

Type	From Fund	To Fund	Purpose	Amount
Matching	General	Special Revenue	Technology Match	32,973
Operating	Special Revenue	General	Indirect Cost	137,511
Operating	General	Debt Service	Debt Service	83,048
Operating	Special Revenue	Debt Service	Debt Service	41,512
Operating	Building	Debt Service	Debt Service	829,170
Operating	Food Service	General	Indirect Costs	52,971
Operating	General	Construction	Construction	199,341
Operating	School Activity	District Activity	Operations	82,483
-	•	Governmenta	al Funds Transferred In	1,459,009
Operating	Food Service	General	Indirect Costs	(52,971)
		Proprie	tary Funds Transferred	(52,971)
		T	otal Transferred Funds	1,406,038

#### NOTE O - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	<u>Amount</u>
General	Special Revenue	\$649,861
General	Day Care	3,571

The interfund payables/receivables represent temporary financing that will be repaid within one year.

#### NOTE P – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has reviewed subsequent events through November 15, 2023 the date the financial statements were available for release. There are no material subsequent events to disclose.

#### NOTE Q – ON-BEHALF PAYMENT

For the year ended June 30, 2023, \$5,218,538 in on-behalf payments were made by the Commonwealth of Kentucky for the benefit of the District. Payments for life insurance, health insurance, Kentucky teacher retirement matching pension contributions, administrative fees, technology and debt service were paid by the State for the District. These payments were recognized as on-behalf payments and recorded in the appropriate revenue and expense accounts. These payments were as follows:

Teachers Retirement System (GASB 68 Schedule A)	\$3,004,470
Teachers Retirement System (GASB 75)	65,476
Health Insurance	2,111,748
Life Insurance	3,281
Administrative Fee	26,212
HRA/Dental/Vision	141,137
Federal Reimbursement	(427,977)
Technology	86,182
SFCC Debt Service Payments	208,009
Total	\$5,218,538

#### NOTE R - NET POSITION, AS RESTATED

The beginning net position of the Governmental Activities was decreased by \$586,119 due to the understatement of the TRS OPEB deferred outflows and deferred inflows. Below are the details of the restatement:

Covernment

	C	Jovernment
		<b>Activities</b>
Net Position June 30, 2022	\$	8,319,609
Understatement of Deferred Outflows		305,158
Understatement of Deferred Inflows		(891,277)
Beginning Net Position, As Restated	\$ _	7,733,490

#### **NOTE D – INVESTMENTS**

Kentucky Revised Statutes authorizes the District to invest in the following: obligations of the United States Government and of its agencies and instrumentalities, repurchase agreements and specially approved AAA rated corporate bonds; bonds or certificates of indebtedness of the Commonwealth of Kentucky and of its agencies and municipalities; certificates of deposit or other interest bearing accounts issued by any bank or savings and loan institution up to FDIC insured amount, and in larger amounts provided that the bank pledges as security obligations having a current market value at least equal to any uninsured deposits.

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

Investments at June 30, 2023, consist of the following:

	<u>Cost</u>	<u>Fair Value</u>
Mutual Funds	2,130	2,130
U.S. Treasury Bills	302,503	303,918
U.S. Treasury Notes	294,830	296,960
	<u>\$ 599,463</u>	<u>\$603,008</u>

All fair values listed above are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs).

### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### CLINTON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

				VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET
	ORIGINAL	FINAL		POSITIVE
	BUDGET	BUDGET	ACTUAL	(NEGATIVE)
REVENUES:				
Taxes	2,935,000	2,935,000	3,274,575	339,575
Other Local Sources	171,552	171,552	252,705	81,153
State Sources	12,377,863	12,377,863	13,245,096	867,233
Federal Sources	65,000	65,000	122,805	57,805
Other Sources	56,100	56,100	205,960	149,860
TOTAL REVENUES	15,605,515	15,605,515	17,101,141	1,495,626
EXPENDITURES:				
Instructional	8,215,101	8,215,101	8,075,507	139,594
Student Support Services	1,175,138	1,175,138	1,170,856	4,282
Staff Support Services	153,292	153,292	145,276	8,016
District Administration	4,328,958	4,328,958	861,788	3,467,170
School Administration	1,148,679	1,148,679	1,246,007	(97,328)
Business Support Services	289,093	289,093	288,036	1,057
Plant Operation & Maintenance	2,796,333	2,796,333	1,723,777	1,072,556
Student Transportation	1,332,823	1,332,823	994,019	338,804
Other	312,389	312,389	367,342	(54,953)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	19,751,806	19,751,806	14,872,608	4,879,198
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(4,146,291)	(4,146,291)	2,228,533	6,374,824
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING	4,146,291	4,146,291	4,279,487	133,196
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	0	0	6,508,020	6,508,020

#### CLINTON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)
REVENUES:				
Other Local Sources	0	0	498	498
State Sources	1,704,437	1,704,437	1,706,009	1,572
Federal Sources	2,436,544	2,436,544	4,215,307	1,778,763
Other Sources	30,000	30,000	32,973	2,973
TOTAL REVENUES	4,170,981	4,170,981	5,954,787	1,783,806
EXPENDITURES:				
Instructional	3,139,384	3,139,384	4,545,027	(1,405,643)
Student Support Services	367,012	367,012	381,783	(14,771)
Staff Support Services	157,856	157,856	145,779	12,077
District Administration	0	0	0	0
School Administration	0	0	0	0
Business Support Services	0	0	0	0
Plant Operation & Maintenance	64,894	64,894	203,090	(138,196)
Student Transportation	156,485	156,485	132,999	23,486
Day Care Operations	0	0	77,227	(77,227)
Site Improvement	0	0	420	(420)
Community Service Operations	242,340	242,340	289,439	(47,099)
Facility Acquisition & Construction				
Other	43,613	43,613	179,023	(135,410)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	4,171,584	4,171,584	5,954,787	(1,783,203)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(603)	(603)	0	603
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING	603	603	0	0
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	0	0	0	603

# CLINTON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

	 2015	2016	2017	 2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
District's proportion of net pension liability	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
State of Kentucky's share of the net pension liability associated with the district TOTAL	\$ 48,774,338 48,774,338	50,775,100 50,775,100	66,499,438 66,499,438	 61,397,615 61,397,615	28,832,266 28,832,266	30,078,495 30,078,495	23,222,090 23,222,090	21,161,029 21,161,029	32,928,862 32,928,862
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 7,517,853	7,864,726	8,018,039	\$ 7,825,659	\$ 7,988,909	\$ 7,894,738	\$ 8,260,177	\$ 8,363,298	\$ 7,898,524
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	45.60%	42.49%	57.04%	39.80%	59.30%	58.80%	58.27%	65.59%	56.41%

# CLINTON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
District's proportion of net pension liability	0.117663%	0.109392%	0.108750%	0.103704%	0.095628%	0.103413%	0.095715%	0.102965%	0.097528%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 3,817,442	4,703,318	5,354,397	6,070,114	5,824,037	7,273,082	7,341,261	6,564,826	7,050,312
State of Kentucky's share of the net pension liability associated with the district	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
TOTAL	\$ 3,817,442	4,703,318	5,354,397	6,070,114	5,824,037	7,273,082	7,341,261	6,564,826	7,050,312
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 3,112,255	2,616,452	2,584,137	2,402,946	2,513,388	2,477,138	2,665,835	2,740,888	2,593,855
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-payroll	122.66%	176.76%	207.20%	252.61%	231.72%	293.61%	275.38%	239.52%	217.81%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	66.80%	63.46%	55.50%	53.30%	53.54%	50.45%	47.81%	57.33%	52.42%

### CLINTON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

	2015	2016	2	2017	2	.018	20	019	2	020	20	021	2	022		2022
Contractually required contributions (actuarially determined)	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	 	 												-		
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ 	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	_
Covered employee payroll	\$ 7,517,853	\$ 7,864,726	\$ 8	,018,039	\$ 7,8	825,659	\$ 7,9	988,909	\$ 7,8	394,738	\$ 8,2	60,177	\$ 8,3	863,298	\$ 7	,898,524
Contributions as a percentage of Covered employee payroll	0.00%	0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%

### CLINTON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Contractually required contributions (actuarially determined)	\$ 324,753	\$ 317,257	\$ 360,487	\$ 347,947	\$ 407,672	\$ 478,088	\$ 514,506	\$ 580,246	\$ 606,962
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	324,753	317,257	360,487	347,947	407,672	478,088	514,506	580,246	606,962
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered employee payroll	\$ 3,112,255	\$ 2,616,452	\$ 2,584,137	\$ 2,402,946	\$ 2,513,388	\$ 2,477,138	\$ 2,665,835	\$ 2,740,888	\$ 2,593,855
Contributions as a percentage of Covered employee payroll	10.43%	12.13%	13.95%	14.48%	16.22%	19.30%	19.30%	21.17%	23.40%

# CLITON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY - MEDICAL INSURANCE COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
District's proportion of net OPEB liability	0.103704%	0.095625%	0.104163%	0.095688%	0.102941%	0.097511%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	2,084,805	1,697,803	1,751,975	2,310,574	1,970,754	1,924,393
State of Kentucky's share of the net OPEB liability associated with the district TOTAL	2,084,805	1,697,803	1,751,975	2,310,574	1,970,754	1,924,393
District's covered-employee payroll	2,402,946	2,513,388	2,477,138	2,665,835	2,740,888	2,593,855
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-payroll	86.76%	67.55%	70.73%	86.67%	71.90%	74.19%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	52.40%	57.62%	60.44%	51.67%	62.91%	47.76%

#### CLINTON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE

### OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY - MEDICAL INSURANCE PLAN TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
District's proportion of net OPEB liability	0.2193%	0.1139%	0.1177%	0.1146%	0.1927%	0.1403%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	4,304,000	3,951,000	3,445,000	2,893,000	2,313,000	3,482,000
State of Kentucky's share of the net OPEB liability associated with the district TOTAL	3,516,000 7,820,000	3,405,000 7,356,000	2,782,000 6,227,000	2,318,000 5,211,000	1,878,000 4,191,000	1,144,000 4,626,000
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 7,825,659	\$ 7,988,909	\$ 7,894,738	\$ 8,260,177	\$ 8,363,298	\$7,898,524
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-payroll	54.99%	49.46%	43.64%	35.02%	27.66%	44.08%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	21.18%	25.50%	32.60%	39.05%	51.74%	47.76%

# CLINTON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY - LIFE INSURANCE PLAN TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
District's proportion of net OPEB liability	0.0000%	0.0000%	0.0000%	0.0000%	0.0000%	0.0000%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	-	-	-	-	-	-
State of Kentucky's share of the net OPEB liability associated with the district	47,000	58,000	65,000	70,000	25,000	57,000
TOTAL	47,000	58,000	65,000	70,000	25,000	57,000
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 7,825,659	\$ 7,988,909	\$ 7,894,738	\$ 8,260,177	\$ 8,363,298	\$ 7,898,524
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	79.99%	75.00%	73.40%	71.57%	89.15%	73.97%

## CLINTON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE MEDICAL INSUARANCE PLAN COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	
Contractually required contributions (actuarially determined)	\$ 112,938	\$ 132,204	\$ 117,912	\$ 126,894	\$ 158,423	\$ 87,932	
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	112,938	132,204	117,912	126,894	158,423	87,932	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Covered employee payroll	\$ 2,402,946	\$ 2,513,388	\$ 2,477,138	\$ 2,665,835	\$ 2,740,888	\$ 2,593,855	
Contributions as a percentage of Covered employee payroll	4.70%	5.26%	4.76%	4.76%	5.78%	3.39%	

### CLINTON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE MEDICAL INSURANCE PLAN TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Contractually required contributions (actuarially determined)	\$ 234,770	\$ 239,667	\$ 236,842	\$ 247,805	\$ 250,899	\$ 236,956
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	234,770	239,667	236,842	247,805	250,899	236,956
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered employee payroll	\$ 7,825,659	\$ 7,988,909	\$ 7,894,738	\$ 8,260,177	\$ 8,363,298	\$ 7,898,524
Contributions as a percentage of Covered employee payroll	3.009	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%

#### CLINTON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE LIFE INSURANCE PLAN TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

	2	018	20	019	2	020	20	)21	20	)22	20	023
Contractually required contributions (actuarially determined)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions												
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_
Covered employee payroll	###	######	\$ 7,9	988,909	\$ 7,8	394,738	\$ 8,2	60,177	\$ 8,3	63,298	\$ 7,8	98,524
Contributions as a percentage of Covered employee payroll		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%

## CLINTON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABLITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

#### TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

#### **NOTE A – CHANGES OF ASSUMPTIONS**

In 2014, the calculation of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) resulted in an assumption change from 5.16% to 5.23%.

In 2015, the calculation of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) resulted in an assumption change from 5.23% to 4.88%.

In the 2016 valuation, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability and mortality were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience. In the 2016 valuation, the Assumed Salary Scale, Price Inflation, and Wage Inflation were adjusted to reflect a decrease. In addition, the calculation of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) resulted in an assumption change from 4.88% to 4.20%.

In 2017, the calculation of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) resulted in an assumption change from 4.20% to 4.49%. • In 2018, the calculation of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) resulted in an assumption change from 4.49% to 7.50%.

In the 2020 experience study, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability, mortality, and rates of salary increases were adjusted to reflect actual experience more closely. The expectation of mortality was changed to the Pub2010 Mortality Tables (Teachers Benefit-Weighted) projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set forwards, set-backs, and adjustments for each of the groups; service retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees, and actives. The assumed long-term investment rate of return was changed from 7.50 percent to 7.10 percent and the price inflation assumption was lowered from 3.00 percent to 2.50 percent. In addition, the calculation of the SEIR results in an assumption change from 7.50% to 7.10%.

### NOTE B – METHOD AND ASSUMPTIONS USED IN CALCULATIONS OF ACTUARIALLY DETERMINED CONTRIBUTIONS

The actuarially determined contribution rates in the schedule of employer contributions are calculated as of June 30, three years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported. The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine contribution rates reported in the most recent year of the schedule:

Actuarial Cost Method Amortization Period Remaining amortization period

Asset valuation method Inflation

Salary Increase

Ultimate Investment rate of return

Entry age, normal

Level percentage of payroll, closed

30-year closed period that began fiscal year 2011

to amortize the unfunded liability 5-year asset smoothing method

2.50 percent

3.00 to 7.50 percent

7.10 per annum, compounded annually, including

inflation

#### NOTE C – CHANGES OF BENEFITS

There were no changes in benefits for TRS pension.

## CLINTON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABLITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

#### COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

#### **NOTE A – CHANGES OF ASSUMPTIONS**

#### 2015

The following changes were made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2015:

The assumed investment rate of return was decreased from 7.75% to 7.50%.

The assumed inflation rate was reduced from 3.5% to 3.255%.

The assumed rate of wage inflation was reduced from 1.00% to .75%.

Payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.5% to 4%.

The mortality table used for active members is RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (multiplied by 50% for males and 30% for females).

For healthy retired members and beneficiaries, the mortality table used is the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 20013 (set back 1 year for females). For disabled members, the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set back 4 years for males) is used for the period after disability retirement.

The assumed rates of Retirement, Withdrawal and Disability were updated to more accurately reflect experience.

#### 2016

There were no changes of assumptions for the year ended June 30, 2016.

#### <u>20</u>17

The following changes were made by the KRS Board of Trustees and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2017:

The assumed rate of inflation was reduced to 2.30% from 3.25%

The assumed salary increases were reduced to 3.05%, average, from 4.00%, average including inflation

The assumed investment rate of return was reduced to 6.25% from 7.50%

#### 2018

There were no changes in assumptions.

#### 2019

The following changes were made by the KRS Board of Trustees and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2019:

## CLINTON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABLITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

#### COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (CONTINUED)

The projected salary increase was changed to 3.3-11.5% from 3.05%

The asset valuation method was changed to 20% of the difference between the market value assets and the expected actuarial value of assets if recognized from 5-year smoothed market.

The payroll growth rate was changed to 2.0% from 4.0%.

The investment rate of return was change to 6.25% from 7.5%.

The inflation rate was changed to 2.3% from 3.25%.

#### 2020

There were no changes of assumptions for the year ended June 30, 2020.

#### 2021

There were no changes of assumptions for the year ended June 30, 2021.

#### 2022

Payroll Growth Rate

There were no changes of assumptions for the year ended June 30, 2022.

### NOTE B – METHOD AND ASSUMPTIONS USED IN CALCULATIONS OF ACTUARIALLY DETERMINED CONTRIBUTIONS

The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine the rates reported in that schedule:

Valuation Date June 30, 2020

Experience Study July 1, 2008 – June 30, 2013

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method Level percent of pay
Remaining Amortization Period 30 years, Closed

Gains/losses incurring after 2019 will be amortized over separate 20-year amortization

amortized over separate 20-year amortization basis

2.00%

Asset Valuation Method 20% of the difference between the market value

of assets and the expected actuarial value of

assets is recognized

Inflation 2.30 percent

Salary Increase 3.30-10.30 percent, varies by service

Investment Rate of Return 6.25 percent

Phase-In Provision Board certified rate is phased into the actuarially

determined rate in accordance with HB 362

enacted in 2018 for CERS

The retiree mortality is a System-specific mortality table based on mortality experience from 2013-2018, projected with the ultimate rates from MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2019.

#### NOTE C – CHANGES OF BENEFITS

There were no c	hanges in	benefits for	CERS	non-hazardous	pensions.
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# CLINTON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABLITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

#### TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

#### **NOTE A – CHANGES OF ASSUMPTIONS**

2017

There were no changes in assumptions.

2018

There were no changes in assumptions.

2019

There were no changes in assumptions.

2020

Health Care Cost Trend Rates were updated for the June 30, 2019 valuation.

2021

#### Health Trust and Life Trust

In the 2020 experience study, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability, mortality, and rates of salary increases were adjusted to reflect actual experience more closely. The expectation of mortality was changed to the Pub2010 Mortality Tables (Teachers Benefit-Weighted) projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set forwards, set-backs, and adjustments for each of the groups; service retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees, and actives.

The assumed long-term investment rate of return was changed from 8.00% for the Health Trust and 7.50% for the Life Trust to 7.10%. The price inflation assumption was lowered from 3.00% to 2.50%.

The rates of member participation and spousal participation were adjusted to reflect actual experience more closely.

2022

There were no changes in assumptions.

## NOTE B – METHOD AND ASSUMPTIONS USED IN CALCULATIONS OF ACTUARIALLY DETERMINED CONTRIBUTIONS

The Health Trust is not funded based on an actuarially determined contribution, but instead is funded based on statutorily determined amounts.

#### NOTE C - CHANGES OF BENEFITS

There were no changes of benefits.

# CLINTON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABLITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

#### COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

#### **NOTE A – CHANGES OF ASSUMPTIONS**

#### 2017

The assumed investment return was changed from 7.5% to 6.2%

The price inflation assumption was changed from 3.25% to 2.30% which resulted in a .95% decrease in the salary increase assumption at all years of service

The payroll growth assumption (\*applicable for the amortization of unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities) was changed from 4.0% to 2.0%

For the non-hazardous plan, the single discount rate changed from 6.89% to 5.84%. For the hazardous plan the single discount rate changed from 7.37% to 5.96%

#### 2018

There were no changes in assumptions.

#### 2019

The investment rate of return was changed to 6.25% from 7.0%.

The projected salary increases changed to 3.05-11.55% from 4.0%.

The inflation rate changed to 2.3% from 3.25%.

The payroll growth rate changed to 2.0% from 4.0%.

#### 2020

There were no changes in assumptions.

#### <u>2021</u>

The single discount rates used to calculate the total OPEB liability changed since the prior year. The assumed increase in future health care costs, or trend assumption, was reviewed during the June 30, 2020 valuation process and was updated to better reflect the plan's long-term healthcare costs.

#### 2022

The Initial trend rate for Pre-65 was changes to 6.20% and for Post-65 the change was to 9.00%.

# CLINTON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABLITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

#### COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (CONTINUED)

## NOTE B – METHOD AND ASSUMPTIONS USED IN CALCULATIONS OF ACTUARIALLY DETERMINED CONTRIBUTIONS

Methods and assumptions used in the actuarially determined contributions – The actuarially determined contribution rates, as a percentage of payroll, used to determine the actuarially determined contribution amounts in the Schedule of Employer Contributions are calculated as the of the indicated valuation date. The following actuarial methods and assumptions (from the indicated actuarial valuations) were used to determine contribution rates reported in that schedule for the year ending June 30, 2022:

Valuation Date June 30, 2021

Experience Study July 1, 2013 – June 30, 2018

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method Level percent of pay
Remaining Amortization Period 30 years, closed

Gains/losses incurring after 2019 will be amortized over

separate closed 20-year amortization bases

Payroll Growth Rate 2.00%

Asset Valuation Method 20% of the difference between the market value of assets

and the expected actuarial value of assets is recognized

Inflation 2.30%

Salary Increase 3.30%-10.30%, varies by service

Investment Rate of Return 6.25 %

Mortality System-specific mortality table based on mortality

experience from 2013-2018, projected with the ultimate rates from MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using

a base year of 2019

Healthcare cost trend rates

Pre - 65 Initial trend starting at 6.20% at January 1, 2021 and

gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05%

over a period of 13 years.

Post - 65 Initial trend starting at 9.00% at January 1, 2021 and

gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05%

over a period of 14 years.

Phase-In Provision Board certified rate is phased into the actuarially

determined rate in accordance with HB 362 enacted in

2018.

#### **NOTE C – CHANGES OF BENEFITS**

There were no changes in benefits for CERS, non-hazardous OPEB.

# OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### CLINTON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

	BUILDING FUND	SEEK CAPITAL OUTLAY FUND	DEBT SERVICE FUND	DISTRICT ACTIVITY FUND	SCHOOL ACTIVITY FUND	TOTAL NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENT FUNDS
ASSETS: Cash & Cash Equivalents	57,418	314,024		187,196	204,439	763,077
TOTAL ASSETS	57,418	314,024	0	187,196	204,439	763,077
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES: Liabilities: Accounts Payable				123		123
Total Liabilities	0	0	0	123	0	123
Fund Balances: Restricted for:						
SFCC Escrow	57,418	314,024		197.072	204.420	371,442 201,512
School Activities Total Fund Balances	57,418	314,024	0	187,073 187,073	204,439	391,512 762,954
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	57,418	314,024	0	187,196	204,439	763,077

# CLINTON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	BUILDING FUND	SEEK CAPITAL OUTLAY FUND	DEBT SERVICE FUND	DISTRICT ACTIVITY FUND	SCHOOL ACTIVITY FUND	TOTAL NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENT FUNDS
REVENUES:						
Taxes - Property	278,029					278,029
Intergovernmental - State	519,699	157,012	208,009			884,720
Student Activities				66,703	447,228	513,931
Earnings on Investments					1,678	1,678
Other Sources					293,942	293,942
TOTAL REVENUES	797,728	157,012	208,009	66,703	742,848	1,972,300
EXPENDITURES:						
Instructional				113,250	623,734	736,984
Plant Operations and Maintenace				3,255	020,70	3,255
Student Transportation				-,	8,607	8,607
Other Non-Instructional					914	914
Debt Service:						
Principal			893,944			893,944
Interest			267,795			267,795
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	0	0	1,161,739	116,505	633,255	1,911,499
EXCESS(DEFICIT) REVENUES OVER						
EXPENDITURES	797,728	157,012	(953,730)	(49,802)	109,593	60,801
	.,.,	,	(,,,,,,	(17,000)	,	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES(USES):						
Operating Transfers In			953,730	82,483		1,036,213
Operating Transfers Out	(829,170)				(82,483)	(911,653)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES(USES)	(829,170)	0	953,730	82,483	(82,483)	124,560
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(31,442)	157,012	0	32,681	27,110	185,361
THE CHARGE IN LOND BURNINGED	(31,772)	157,012		32,001	27,110	105,501
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING	88,860	157,012	0	154,392	177,329	577,593
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	57,418	314,024	0	187,073	204,439	762,954
TOTAL BALANCES - ENDING	37,410	314,024		107,073	204,439	102,934

# CLINTON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND FUND BALANCES AGENCY FUNDS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	FUND BALANCE JULY 1, 2022	REVENUES	EXPENDITURES	FUND BALANCE JUNE 30, 2023
Clinton County High School	116,266	499,403	459,183	156,486
Early Childhood Center	2,888	41,928	41,936	2,880
Clinton County Middle School	54,157	119,709	132,954	40,912
Albany Elementary School	4,018	81,808	81,665	4,161
Total Activity Funds (Due to Student Groups)	177,329	742,848	715,738	204,439

See independent accountant's report and accompanying notes to financial statements.

# CLINTON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND FUND BALANCE HIGH SCHOOL ACTIVITY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	CASH BALANCE			CASH BALANCE	ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE	ACCOUNTS PAYABLE	FUND BALANCE
	JULY 1, 2022	RECEIPTS	DISBURSEMENTS	JUNE 30, 2023	JUNE 30, 2023	JUNE 30, 2023	JUNE 30, 2023
Drama Club	0	5,923	3,023	2,900			2,900
AP Classes	0	144		144			144
PBIS School Store	20			20			20
KY TSA	0	2,970	2,688	282			282
General	74	5,159	4,532	701			701
In Memory of Coach	1,255			1,255			1,255
Soft Drink Machines	258	1,527	1,785	0			0
Break Concessions	374		374	0			0
School Day Pictures	0	344	344	0			0
Student Parking	0	435	435	0			0
Media	1,345	2,157	3,502	0			0
English Club	241	24 405	24 405	241			241
District Sweep	0	21,497	21,497	0			0
Reserved Seating Bleacher	0	4,405	4,405	0			0
Basketball Season Passes	0	450	450	0			0
Bulldog Banking	11	1 1 10	11	0			0
Interest Account	480	1,148	1,540	88			88
Athletic Fund	0	15,338	9,860	5,478			5,478
Athletic Concessions	0	44,598	33,646	10,952			10,952
Football	543	13,766	8,324	5,985			5,985
Volleyball	0	5,020	3,462	1,558			1,558
Boys Soccer	0			0			0
Girls Soccer	0	3,368	3,368	0			0
Cross Country	0	1,558	428	1,130			1,130
Archery	6,486	2,158	2,701	5,943			5,943
Boys Basketball	497	44,089	32,752	11,834			11,834
Girls Basketball	1,782	41,383	37,384	5,781			5,781
Baseball	3,836	15,157	16,185	2,808			2,808
Softball	1,475	15,415	13,386	3,504			3,504
Tennis	103	2,494	2,452 32,804	145			145
Cheerleaders	3,966 1	37,601		8,763 0			8,763
Athletic Tournaments FFA	3,460	13,250 27,298	13,251 28,191	2,567			0 2,567
FFA Greenhouse	4,018	3,043	2,246	4,815			4,815
FCCLA	1,783	8,855	8,735	1,903			1,903
JROTC	5,781	9,548	10,802	4,527			4,527
Best Buddies Club	232	9,346	10,802	232			232
Student Councel	115			115			115
Yearbook	13,470	22,766	28,386	7,850			7,850
Band Booster	53	41	26,360	94			94
Beta Club	0	11,643	7,768	3,875			3,875
Spirit Club	1,344	11,401	11,905	840			840
History Club	1,247	1,058	2,198	107			107
Spanish Club	193	275	307	161			161
KYA/KUNA	0	8,821	8,821	0			0
NTHS	56	0,021	0,021	56			56
180 Club	2,248			2,248			2,248
Starting Cash	0	5,650	5,650	0			0
	,	-,0	2,200	3			Ü

Senior Class	6,183	2,220	8,403	0			0
Junior Class	2,320		2,320	0			0
Class of 2026	0	5,116	3,249	1,867			1,867
Class of 2025	3,694			3,694			3,694
Class of 2024	1,327	16,884	12,070	6,141			6,141
Class of 2023	2,185	13,910	16,095	0			0
Scholarship Fund	0	1,000	1,000	0			0
CCHS Football Booster	9,743	27,187	27,234	9,696			9,696
CCHS Volleyball Booster	2,266	1,875	3,928	213			213
Girls Soccer Booster	0	1,567	1,567	0			0
Student Fees	0	4,485	4,485	0			0
Girls & Boys Golf Booster	7,863	10,129	2,759	15,233			15,233
Archery Booster	5,338	1,861	5,089	2,110			2,110
Boys Basketball Booster	126	15,297	4,937	10,486			10,486
Girls Basketball Booster	4,533	8,411	5,752	7,192			7,192
Baseball Booster	2,674	14,111	16,785	0			0
Softball Booster	11,267	6,063	16,378	952			952
Total All Funds	116,266	541,869	501,649	156,486	0	0	156,486
Interfund Transfers	0	(42,466)	(42,466)	0	0	0	0
Total	116,266	499,403	459,183	156,486	0	0	156,486

#### CLINTON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	CFDA	PASS THROUGH NUMBER	MUNIS PROJECT	
FEDERAL GRANTOR/PASS-THROUGH GRANTOR/PROGRAM TITLE	NUMBER	(if applicable)	NUMBER	EXPENDITURES
U.S. Department of Education Passed-Through Department of Education				
Title I Part A- Parent Involvement	84.010	3100002	310I	354,253
Title I Part A- Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84010	3100002	310ID	5,500
Title I Part A- Parent Involvement	84.010	3100002	310IM	10,608
Title I Part A- Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	3100002	310J	608,938
Title I Part A- Grants to Local Educational Agencies  Title I Part A- Parent Involvement	84.010	3100002	310JM	31,679
Title I Part A Cluster	04.010	3100002	3103WI	1,010,978
Title I Part D - Neglected & Delinquent	84.013	3100102	314I	51,443
Title I Part D - Neglected & Delinquent Title I Part D Total	84.013	3100102	314J	8,974 60,417
				,
Title II- Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367	3230002	401J	103,735
IDEA - Special Education - Grants to State	84.027	3810002	337I	47,754
IDEA - Special Education - Grants to State	84.027	3810002	337J	287,651
IDEA - Special Education - Preschool Grants	84.173	3800002	343I	4,670
IDEA - Special Education - Preschool Grants	84.173	3800002	343J	22,149
COVID - 19- Special Education-Preschool Grants	84.173X	4910002	488I	8,072
COVID - 19- Special Education-Grants to States	84.027X	4900002	478I	31,827
Special Education Cluster				402,123
21st Century Learning Center	84.287	3400002	550GH	3,459
21st Century Learning Center	84.287	3400002	550IH	88,699
21st Century Learning Center Total				92,158
Migrant Education - State Grant Program	84.011	3110002	310GY	74,015
Migrant Education - State Grant Program	84.011	3110002	311I	67,857
Migrant Education - State Grant Program	84.011	3110002	311J	119,912
Migrant Education Total				261,784
Title V - Rural and Low Income Schools	84.358	3140002	350I	2,031
Title V - Rural and Low Income Schools	84.358	3140002	350J	4,120
Title V - Rural and Low Income Schools Total				6,151
COVID-19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund	84.425U	4300002	473G	631,301
COVID-19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund	84.425U	4300002	473GB	1.972
COVID-19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund	84.425U	4300005	473GD	2,060
COVID-19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund	84.425U	4300005	473GL	956,457
COVID-19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund	84.425U	4300005	563J	12,111
COVID-19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund	84.425D	4000002	476IC	15,382
COVID-19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund	84.425D	4200002	554GS	61,485
COVID-19 - Governor's Emergency Education Relief Fund	84.425C	GEER-20	564GF	47.099
COVID-19-Education Stabilization Total				1,727,867
Adult Education - Basic Grants To States	84.002	365J	365J	22,988
Adult Education - Basic Grants To States  Adult Education - Basic Grants To States	84.002	373J	373J	26,927
Adult Education - Basic Grants To States  Adult Education - Basic Grants To States Total	04.002	3,33	3133	49,915
Perkins Voc.	84.048	3710002	348IA	895
Perkins Voc.	84.048	3710002	348J	12,460
Perkins Voc.	4			13,355

Title IV, Part A-Student Support and Academic Enrichment	84.424	342002	552IS	10,280
Title IV, Part A-Student Support and Academic Enrichment	84.424	342002	552IT	329
Title IV, Part A-Student Support and Academic Enrichment	84.424	342002	552IW	3,656
Title IV, Part A-Student Support and Academic Enrichment	84.424	342002	552JS	30,904
Title IV, Part A-Student Support and Academic Enrichment	84.424	342002	552JT	2,946
Title IV, Part A-Student Support and Academic Enrichment	84.424	342002	552JW	30,170
Title IV Total				78,285
Passed Through Berea College				
Gaining Early Awareness and Readiness for Undergraduate Programs	84.334A	379IA	379IA	16,637
Gaining Early Awareness and Readiness for Undergraduate Programs	84.334A	379IG	379IG	28,037
Gaining Early Awareness and Readiness for Undergraduate Programs	84.334A	379IS	379IS	7,248
Gaining Early Awareness and Readiness for Undergraduate Programs	84.334A	379JA	379JA	83,263
Gaining Early Awareness and Readiness for Undergraduate Programs	84.334A	379JG	379JG	18,715
Gaining Early Awareness and Readiness for Undergraduate Programs	84.334A	379JS	379JS	78,954
Gaining Early Awareness and Readiness for Undergraduate Programs Total				232,854
Total U.S. Department of Education				4,039,622
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services				
COVID-19 - Child Care and Development Block Grant	93.575	Direct	576I	77,227
, 1m 1p				
Passed-Through Department of Education	02.242	55110	55110	22.670
Youth Suicide Prevention Grant	93.243	551JG	551JG	33,670
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services				110,897
U.S. Department of Defense				
ROTC	12.404	Direct	504J	65,284
**************************************				
U.S. Department of Agriculture				
Passed-Through State Department of Education	10.555	7750002 22	7750000 22	200.029
National School Lunchroom National School Lunchroom	10.555	7750002-22	7750002-22	309,938
National School Lunchroom	10.555 10.555	7750002-23 9980000-22	7750002-23 9980000-22	692,732 40,151
National School Lunchroom	10.555	9980000-23	9980000-23	20,296
School Breakfast Program	10.553	7760005-22	7760005-22	133,051
School Breakfast Program	10.553	7760005-23	7760005-23	312,887
Summer Food Service Program	10.559	7690024-22	7690024-22	945
Summer Food Service Program	10.559	7740023-22	7740023-22	9,024
PEBT Administrative Funds	10.649	9990000-22	9990000-22	3,135
Child Nutrition Cluster			•	1,522,159
Fresh Fruits and Vegetables Program	10.582	7720012-22	7720012-22	9,324
Fresh Fruits and Vegetables Program	10.582	7720012-23	7720012-23	26,660
Fresh Fruits and Vegetables Total			•	35,984
Child & Adult Care Food Program	10.558	7790021-22	7790021-22	9,764
Child & Adult Care Food Program	10.558	7790021-23	7790021-23	29,136
Child & Adult Care Food Program	10.558	7800016-22	7800016-22	659
Child & Adult Care Food Program	10.558	7800016-23	7800016-23	2,209
Child & Adult Care Food Program Total				41,768
State Administrative Expense Funds	10.560	7700001-22	7700001-22	2,156
Pass-Through State Department of Agriculture				
Food Distribution	10.565	057502-10	057502-10	87,665
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture				1,689,732
Total Federal Financial Assistance				5,905,535
			•	

#### CLINTON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

#### NOTE A – BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of the Clinton County School District under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2023. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance. Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of Clinton County School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net asset, or cash flows of Clinton County School District.

#### NOTE B – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting for proprietary funds and the modified accrual basis of accounting for governmental funds. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years. Pass-through entity identifying numbers are present where available.

#### NOTE C – FOOD DISTRIBUTION

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair value of the commodities disbursed.

#### NOTE D - DE MINIMIS COST RATE

The District did not elect to use the 10 percent de minimis cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

#### **NOTE E – SUBRECIPIENTS**

There were no subrecipients during the fiscal year.

#### CLINTON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

#### Section I – Summary of Auditor's Results

#### **Financial Statements**

Type of audit issued: Unmodified				
Internal control over financial reporting:				
<ul> <li>Material weakness(es) identified?</li> <li>Significant deficiency(ies) identified that a not considered to be material weakness(es)</li> </ul>				
Noncompliance material to financial statements no	oted? Yes X No			
Federal Awards				
Internal control over major programs?				
<ul> <li>Material weakness(es) identified?</li> <li>Significant deficiency(ies) identified that a not considered to be material weakness(es)</li> </ul>				
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for	major programs (unmodified):			
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR section 200	.516(a)? Yes <u>X</u> No			
Identification of major programs:				
CFDA Number	Name of Federal Program or Cluster			
84.027/84.173/84.027X/84.173X 84.425C/84.425D/84.425U	IDEA Cluster * Covid-19 Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund			
10.553/10.555/10.559 Child Nutrition Cluster				
*Includes COVID-19 IDEA and COVID-19 IDEA Press	chool			
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:	\$ <u>750,000</u>			
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	X YesNo			
Section II – Financi	al Statement of Findings			
No matters were reported.				

Section III – Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

No matters were reported.

#### CLINTON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS JUNE 30, 2023

There were no prior year audit findings.

## MONTGOMERY & COMPANY, P.L.L.C

Certified Public Accountants 710 Highway 208 Lebanon, KY 40033 270-995-2474

Joseph A. Montgomery, CPA

Email joe.montgomery@jamcpas.com

November 15, 2023

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Members of the Board of Education Clinton County School District Albany, Kentucky

I have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and *Appendix I to the Independent Auditor's Contract – Audit Extension Request, Appendix II to the Independent Auditor's Contract – Instructions for Submission of the Audit Contract, Audit Acceptance Statement, AFR and Balance Sheet, Statement of Certification, and Audit Report,* the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Clinton County School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Clinton County School District's basic financial statements, and have issued my report thereon dated November 15, 2023.

#### **Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing my audit of the financial statements, I considered Clinton County School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing my opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Clinton County School District's internal control. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Clinton County School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements, on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

My consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during my audit I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that I consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Clinton County School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, I performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of my audit, and accordingly, I do not express such an opinion. The results of my tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*. In addition, the results of my tests disclosed no material instances of noncompliance of specific state statutes or regulation identified in *Appendix II of the Independent Auditor's Contract – State Audit Requirements*.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Sincerely,

Montgomery & Company, L.L.C.

Certified Public Accountants

## MONTGOMERY & COMPANY, P.L.L.C

### Certified Public Accountants 710 Highway 208 Lebanon, KY 40033 270-995-2474

Joseph A. Montgomery, CPA

Email joe.montgomery@jamcpas.com

November 15, 2023

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Members of the Board of Education Clinton County School District Albany, Kentucky

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

#### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

I have audited Clinton County School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance\_Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Clinton County School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023. Clinton County School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In my opinion, Clinton County School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023.

#### Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

I conducted my audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United State of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance); and Appendix I to the Independent Auditor's Contract – Audit Extension Request, Appendix II to the Independent Auditor's Contract – Instructions for Submission of the Audit Contract, Audit Acceptance Statement, AFR and Balance Sheet, Statement of Certification, and Audit Report. My responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of my report.

I am required to be independent of Clinton County School District and to meet my other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to my audit. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion on compliance for each major federal program. My audit does not provide a legal determination of Clinton County School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

#### Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Clinton County School District's federal programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of Compliance

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Clinton County School District's compliance based on my audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Clinton County School District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance I:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and
  perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test
  basis, evidence regarding Clinton County School District's compliance with the compliance
  requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as I considered necessary in the
  circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of Clinton County School District's internal control over compliance
  relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and
  to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but
  not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Clinton County School District's
  internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

I am required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that I identified during the audit.

#### **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in

internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

My consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during my audit I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that I consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exit that were not identified.

My audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Sincerely,

Montgomery & Company, L.L.C.

Certified Public Accountants

## MONTGOMERY & COMPANY, P.L.L.C

### Certified Public Accountants 710 Highway 208 Lebanon, KY 40033 270-995-2474

Joseph A. Montgomery, CPA

Email joe.montgomery@jamcpas.com

November 15, 2023

#### MANAGEMENT LETTER

Members of the Board of Education Clinton County School District Albany, Kentucky

In planning and performing my audit of the financial statements of Clinton County School District for the year ended June 30, 2023, my considered its internal control in order to determine my auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing my opinion on the financial statements. Our professional standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. I feel that the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement. However, I offer the following suggestions that I feel will strengthen your organization's internal control structure.

#### **Prior Year Recommendations - School Activity Funds:**

#### 2018-5 Prior Year Recommendation:

During 2018 testing, multiple instances were found at Clinton County High School where purchase orders were missing, not properly approved, or approved after a charge was incurred. We recommend that purchase orders be obtained prior to charges being incurred, that the form is completed in its entirety including proper approval signatures, and that the purchase order documentation is maintained in accordance with Redbook policies and procedures.

During 2019 testing, two instances were found at Clinton County High School of a charge occurring prior to the issuance of a purchase order. I recommend that all purchase orders be issued prior to any purchase being made.

During 2020 testing, four instances were found at Clinton County High School of a charge occurring prior to the issuance of a purchase order. I recommend that all purchase orders be issued prior to any purchase being made.

During 2021 testing, five instances were found at Clinton County High School and one instance at Albany Elementary School of a charge occurring prior to the issuance of a purchase order. Again, we recommend that all purchase orders be issued prior to any purchase being made.

During 2022 testing, three instances were found at Clinton County High School of a charge being incurred prior to the issuance of a purchase order. Purchase orders must be completed and approved prior to charges being incurred.

#### **Current Year Status:**

During current year testing, five instances were found at Clinton County High School of charges being made prior to the issuance of an approved purchase order. Purchase orders must be completed and approved prior to charges being incurred.

#### Management Response:

We will emphasize to all staff that having an approved purchase order is required prior to committing funds.

#### 2020-1 Prior Year Recommendation:

During testing, one instance was noted at Clinton County High School of a Multiple Receipt Form that student names and amounts were signed by the sponsor when remitting monies. It is required that all students 6<sup>th</sup> grade and above sign their own names when remitting monies. I recommend that all sponsors and teachers be reminded of this Redbook requirement.

During 2021 testing, three instances was noted at Clinton County High School of a Multiple Receipt Form that student names and amounts were signed by the sponsor when remitting funds. It is required that all students 6<sup>th</sup> grade and above sign their own names when remitting monies. I recommend that all sponsors and teachers be reminded of this Redbook requirement.

During 2022 testing, multiple instances were again found where students names had been signed by the sponsor instead of the students at Clinton County High School. Students 6<sup>th</sup> grade and above must sign the multiple receipt form at the time funds are remitted in accordance with Redbook. I recommend the District adhere to Redbook policies regarding multiple receipt forms.

#### Current Year Status and Recommendation:

During current year testing, two instances were again found where students names had been signed by the sponsor instead of the students at Clinton County High School. Students 6<sup>th</sup> grade and above must sign the multiple receipt form at the time funds are remitted in accordance with Redbook. I recommend the District adhere to Redbook policies regarding multiple receipt forms.

#### Management Response:

We will emphasize to all teachers and sponsors that a multiple receipt form is to be signed by students 6<sup>th</sup> grade and higher at the time funds are remitted by the student.

#### 2021-1 Prior Year Recommendation:

During prior year testing, three instances were noted at Clinton County High School where the approval signature portion of the purchase order had been removed and thus there is no proof that the purchase order had been approved prior to the obligation of funds. I recommend that all purchase orders have the proper approval prior to obligation of funds and that the purchase order be properly maintained with the approval signature intact.

During 2022 testing, two such instances had occurred at Clinton County High School. I recommend that proof of approval be retained with the purchase order to ensure approval prior to the obligation of funds.

#### Current Year Status and Recommendation:

No such instances were found during current year testing.

#### 2022-1 Current Year Recommendation:

During current year testing, it was noted that a student concessions worker was paid from a purchase order. The purchase order was approved but was the only documentation present. I recommend that time worked be documented with an approved timesheet going forward.

#### Current Year Status and Recommendation:

No such instances were found during current year testing.

#### **Prior Year Recommendation - District:**

#### 2022-2 Current Year Recommendation:

During current year testing, there were three instances noted where a travel voucher had been properly completed by an employee. However, the voucher was not signed by the employee's direct supervisor to indicate approval. I recommend that all travel vouchers be properly approved prior to disbursement.

#### Current Year Status and Recommendation:

No such instances were found during current year testing.

#### **Current Year Recommendations - School Activity Funds:**

#### 2023-1 Current Year Recommendation:

During current year testing, it was noted that there were three instances at Clinton County High School were the receipt forms F-SA-1 and F-SA-6 were missing the required signatures. I recommend that school personnel be trained in proper completion of these forms and that it be stressed the importance of having all required signatures.

#### Management Response:

We will train personnel on the proper completion of the forms and stress the importance of having all required signatures.

#### 2023-2 Current Year Recommendation:

During current year testing, it was noted that there were two instances at Clinton County High School were the multiple receipt form was completed without a detail accounting of the individuals remitting the funds. I recommend that staff be trained on the proper completion of the form and stress the requirement that those remitting funds sign the multiple receipt form.

#### Management Response:

We will emphasize the importance of the requirement that the multiple receipt form be filled out in detail with the remitter of the funds signing the form.

#### 2023-3 Current Year Recommendation:

During current year testing, it was noted that there were two instances at Clinton County High School were where invoices supporting the purchase was missing. I recommend that invoices be properly maintained and attached to the voucher package.

#### Management Response:

We will emphasize that all purchases be properly supported by invoices prior to payment and that all documentation related to the purchases be maintained with the voucher package.

#### 2023-4 Current Year Recommendation:

During current year testing, it was noted that there were five instances at Clinton County High School of charges being made prior to the issuance of an approved purchase order. Purchase orders must be completed and approved to prior to charges being incurred. This is a repeat comment.

#### Management Response:

We will emphasize to all staff that having n approved purchase order is required prior to committing funds.

#### 2023-5 Current Year Recommendation:

During current year testing, two instances were again found where students names had been signed by the sponsor instead of the students at Clinton County High School. Students 6<sup>th</sup> grade and above must sign the multiple receipt form at the time funds are remitted in accordance with Redbook. I recommend the District adhere to Redbook policies regarding multiple receipt forms. This is a repeat comment.

#### Management Response:

We will emphasize to all teachers and sponsors that a multiple receipt form is to be signed by students 6<sup>th</sup> grade and higher at the time funds are remitted by the student.

#### **Current Year Recommendations - District:**

None

I would like to offer my assistance throughout the year if and when new or unusual situations arise. My awareness of new developments when they occur would help to ensure that the District is complying with requirements such as those mentioned above.

Sincerely,

Montgomery & Company, L.L.C.

Certified Public Accountants

## MONTGOMERY & COMPANY, P.L.L.C

### Certified Public Accountants 710 Highway 208 Lebanon, KY 40033 270-995-2474

Joseph A. Montgomery, CPA

Email joe.montgomery@jamcpas.com

November 15, 2023

Members of the Board of Education Clinton County School District Albany, Kentucky

I have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Clinton County School District for the year ended June 30, 2023. Professional standards require that I provide you with information about my responsibilities under generally accepted auditing standards (and, if applicable, *Government Auditing Standards* and the Uniform Guidance), as well as certain information related to the planned scope and timing of my audit. I have communicated such information in my letter to you dated April 9, 2023. Professional standards also require that I communicate to you the following information related to my audit.

#### Significant Audit Matters:

Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. The significant accounting policies used by Clinton County School District are described in Note A to the financial statements. As described in Note A to the financial statements, the District changed policies related to leases by adopting Statement of Governmental Accounting Standards No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements, in 2023. Accordingly, the cumulative effect of the accounting change as of the beginning of the year is reported in the Statement of Activities. No other new accounting policies were adopted and the application of existing policies was not changed during 2023. I noted no transactions entered into by Clinton County School District during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. All significant transactions have been recognized in the financial statements in the proper period.

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected. The most sensitive estimate affecting the financial statements was:

Management's estimate of the sick leave liability is based on current pay rates and those currently eligible for retirement. I evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop the sick leave liability in determining that it is reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

The financial statement disclosures are neutral, consistent, and clear.

#### Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

I encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing my audit.

#### Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements

Professional standards require me to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are clearly trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. Management has corrected all such misstatements. In addition, none of the misstatements detected as a result of audit procedures and corrected by management were material, either individually or in the aggregate, to each opinion unit's financial statements taken as a whole.

#### Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, a disagreement with management is a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to my satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditor's report. I are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of my audit.

#### Management Representations

I have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated November 15, 2023.

#### Management Consultations with Other Independent Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to Clinton County School District's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditor's opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with me to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To my knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

#### Other Audit Findings or Issues

I generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as Clinton County School District's auditor. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of my professional relationship and my responses were not a condition to my retention.

#### Other Matters

I applied certain limited procedures to management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information, which are required supplementary information (RSI) that supplements the basic financial statements. My procedures consisted of inquiries of management regarding the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to my inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge I obtained during my audit of the basic financial statements. I did not audit the RSI and do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the RSI.

I was not engaged to report on the budgetary comparison information on pages 54 and 55, or on the schedules of the district's proportionate share of net pension liabilities and other post-employment benefit plans on pages 56-57 and 60-62, or on the schedules of contributions to the County Employees Retirement System and Teachers Retirement System pension plans or the County Employees Retirement System and Teachers Retirement System other post-employment benefit plans on pages 58-59 and 63-65,

which accompany the financial statements but are not RSI. Such information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, I do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

#### Restriction on Use

This information is intended solely for the information and use of Members of the Board of Education and management of Clinton County School District and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Sincerely,

Montgomery & Company, L.L.C.

Certified Public Accountants